

# SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR



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## **Structure, Scheme and Syllabus for**

### **Bachelor of Arts**

### **Defence Study (Entire)**

Part II- Sem. III& IV

(Subject to the modifications that will be made from time to time)  
Syllabus to be implemented from Academic Year 2021-22 on ward

## **SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR**

**STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS OF Bachelor of Arts – Defence Study (Entire)**

**TITLE:** B.A. Part II Syllabus (Semester Pattern)

Under Faculty of Interdisciplinary Studies

**YEAR OF IMPLEMENTATION:** Syllabus will be implemented from Academic Year, 2021-22

**DURATION:**

- B. A. Part I, II and III (Three Years)
- B. A. Part I - (First Year)
- B. A. Part II - (Second Year)
- B. A. Part III – (Third Year)

**PATTERN OF EXAMINATION:** Semester Pattern

- Theory Examination:–At the end of semester as per Shivaji University Rules.

**MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. For English compulsory Paper English
2. For General Papers Marathi

**STRUCTURE OF COURSE:**

B. A. Defence Study (Entire) Part – I, II and III Two Semesters per Year one English Compulsory Paper and Five General Papers of Defence Study per year / Semester. Total Six Semesters

**SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:**

**A) THEORY**

- The theory examination shall be at the end of the each semester.
- All the general theory papers shall carry 50Marks.
- Evaluation of the performance of the students in theory shall be on the basis of semester examination as mentioned above.
- Question paper will be set in the view of entire syllabus preferably covering each unit of the syllabus.

## Nature of question paper for Theory examination

(Excluding English Compulsory Paper)

Question NO	Nature of Question	Marks
1	Multiple Choice Question (10 Multiple Choice Question)	10
2	Broad Answer question a) Any 1 question out of 2 b) Any 1 question out of 2	20
3	Short Answer question Any 4 question out of 6	20
	<b>Total Marks</b>	50

### Standard of Passing:

Minimum 20 Marks (40%) out of the 50 are required for Passing.

## Paper Structure of the Course

### B. A. – II Defence Study (Entire) Semester – III

Sr. No	Paper No.	Title	Theory/ Practical	Marks (Theory)	Credits (Theory)
<b>I Compulsory Paper</b>					
1	C	English	Theory	50	4
<b>II General Papers</b>					
2	XI	International and Regional Organization Part – I	Theory	50	4
3	XII	Geopolitics Part –I	Theory	50	4
4	XIII	India's National Security in 21st Century Part –I	Theory	50	4
5	XIV	War and Contemporary Warfare part-I	Theory	50	4
6	XV	International Relations part -I	Theory	50	4

## B. A. – II Defence Study (Entire) Semester – IV

Sr. No	Paper No.	Title	Theory/ Practical	Marks (Theory)	Credits (Theory)
I Compulsory Paper					
1	D	English	Theory	50	4
II General Papers					
2	XVI	International and Regional Organization Part – II	Theory	50	4
3	XVII	Geopolitics Part -II	Theory	50	4
4	XVIII	India's National Security in 21st Century Part -II	Theory	50	4
5	XIX	War and Contemporary Warfare part-II	Theory	50	4
6	XX	International Relations part –II	Theory	50	4

**Scheme of Teaching: B. A. – II Defence Study (Entire) Semester – III**

Sr. No	Paper No.	Title	Lectures /Week	
			Theory Lectures	Total
<b>I Compulsory Paper</b>				
1	C	English	4	4
<b>II General Papers</b>				
2	XVI	International and Regional Organization Part - II	4	4
3	XVII	Geopolitics Part -II	4	4
4	XVII I	India's National Security in 21st Century Part -II	4	4
5	XIX	War and Contemporary Warfare part-II	4	4
6	XX	International Relations part -II	4	4

**Scheme of Teaching: B. A. – II Defence Study (Entire) Semester – IV**

Sr. No	Paper No.	Title	Lectures /Week	
			Theory Lectures	Total
<b>I Compulsory Paper</b>				
1	D	English	4	4
<b>II General Papers</b>				
2	XI	International and Regional Organization Part - I	4	4
3	XII	Geopolitics Part -I	4	4
4	XIII	India's National Security in 21st Century Part -I	4	4
5	XIV	War and Contemporary Warfare part-I	4	4
6	XV	International Relations part -I	4	4

**Environment Studies** paper is compulsory for B. A. – II Defence Studies (Entire) as per Shivaji University Guidelines.

**Eligibility for Admission:** The student seeking admission to B.A. Part II Defence Studies (Entire) should have passed B.A.I Defence Studies (Entire) exam or should have got A.T.K.T.

**Eligibility for Faculty :**

- 1) M.A. in Defence Study with NET / SET/Ph.D.
- 2) M. A (English) with NET/SET/Ph.D. for English Compulsory

➤ Syllabus, Examination Scheme of **English compulsory** Paper for Semester III & IV will be as per the B.A. Part-II English Compulsory paper of Regular Program Shivaji University, Kolhapur.

**Shivaji University, Kolhapur**  
**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester III**  
**Paper No. XI**  
**International and Regional Organization**  
**Part 1**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

- 1) To give the students a better understanding of the structure of international relations through various International and Regional Organization
- 2) To provide a general understanding of the major international organizations, with particular emphasis on the analysis of its powers and areas of operation.
- 3) To promote further study of the newly Emerged Organization and the United Nations.

**Outcome:**

- 1) Use analytical intellectual tools to examine global issues in the primary thematic areas of the department: international development, culture and globalization, gender and development, environment, global health and development, and cross-cultural communication and understanding.
- 2) Student can analyze the main objective of formation of International and Regional Organization
- 3) To promote thought within the student how global and regional organizations play an important role in the development of legal and policy frameworks, as well as in the design of effective action plans to betterment of world Peace and development.

**Course Contents:**

**1) United Nation**

- A) Origin and Structure of UN
- B) Objectives and Function of UN
- C) UN Bodies

**2) The UN Role in International Peace and Security**

**3) UN and Human Rights**

**4) Role of India in UN**

**Reference:**

- 1) Agrawal S K(RD) Essay on the Law of Treaties-Bombay Orient LongMax-1973
- 2) Saksena K.P -Reforming the United Nation-New Delhi Sage Publication-1993

- 3) Bitgrami SJR- International Organization -New Delhi, Vikas Publication-1983
- 4) Anand R.P.Newand International law- New Delhi, Vikas Publication 1972
- 5) Anand P. Studies in International Adjudication- New Delhi- Vikas Publication 1963
- 6) K.M.Bhosale- World economic environment -Kolhapur, Fadake Publication 2000
- 7) International Relations and politics-R.G. Waradkar, Vidya Publication, Nagpur 2001
- 8) Prof. B.Y.Kulkarni International Relations-Vidya Publication, Nagpur 2005
- 9) Dr. Todkar BD, International Relation,Diamond Publication Pune 2000
- 10) प्रा. देविदास विजय भोसले "संरक्षण आणि सामरिकशास्त्र वेध स्पर्धा परीक्षांचा" स्वरांजली प्रकाशन गाजियाबाद उ.प्र.



**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester III**  
**Paper No. XII**  
**Geopolitics Part 1**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

1. Understanding the development and relations between geopolitical lines of argumentation and worldviews.
2. Understanding the global and geopolitical strategy.
3. Understanding the Political Geography and International Relations.
4. The aim is to comprehend how particular understandings of place are constructed by political actors (practical geopolitics), strategic institutions (formal geopolitics) and mass media (popular geopolitics) to become manifest in specific perceptions of world order

**Outcome:**

1. Demonstrate an understanding of geopolitics as a mode of analysis and its historical development.
2. Illustrate a competence in research, writing an academic document, and public speaking that demonstrates knowledge and insight into selected aspects of the subject.
3. Demonstrate a capacity for problem-solving and applying concepts.

**Course Contents:**

**1) Geopolitics**

A) Meaning, Definition and concept

B) Nature and scope

C) Importance

**2) Evolution of Geopolitical Thoughts**

A) Dr. Karl Haushofer

B) Admiral A.T. Mahan

C) Alford Mackinder

D) N.J. Spykeman

### 3) **Maritime Boundaries and Territorial sea**

- A) Meaning and concept of Maritime Boundaries
- B) Territorial sea
- C) EEZ

### 4) **Nation and state**

- A) Meaning and concept
- B) Basic Elements
- C) Difference

## **References:**

1. Pettier Louis & E. Eize Perey, Military Geography, East West Publication, New Delhi, 1981
2. Dikshit R.D.: Political Geography, the Discipline and its Dimensions (New Delhi, Tata Macgraw Hill, 1994)
3. A. T. Mahan: Sea power (London, Methuen & Co., 1975)
4. Pressot J .R.N.: Political Geography (London, Metnuen & Co. 1972)
5. Harm J. di Blij: Systematic Political Geography (New York, John Wiley and Sons, 1973)
- 6) भागवत अ.वि .आणि मेघा जोशी, राजकीय भूगोल

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester III**  
**Paper No. XIII**

**India's National Security in 21st Century Part 1**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

1) The security has an extended meaning beyond its military dimension there is a better appreciation now of its non-military and human dimensions national security it comprises every action of the government by which a society seeks to assure its survival or realizes its aspirations internationally aimed at to create favorable National and international condition for the protection or extension of national interest against existing or potential any methods in this context the aim of this paper is to make students to understand ever changing different issue directly or indirectly involved in this study.

**Outcome:**

- 1) Students can analyze what are the challenges of India's national security in 21st century and its solution
- 2) Through various India's strategic polices students will be able understand issues of India's national security.

**Course Contents:**

**1) National security**

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Importance of National Security
- C) Scope of National Security
- D) Concept of India's National Security

**2) India's foreign policy**

- A) Meaning and Objectives
- B) Basic Principles of India's Foreign Policy
- C) Determinants of India's Foreign Policy
- D) Evolution of India's Foreign Policy

**3) India's Defence policy**

- A) Aims and Objectives
- B) Evolutions of India's Defence policy
- C) Linkages between Foreign and Defence Policy

#### 4) India's Nuclear Policy

- A) Aims and Objectives
- B) Peaceful uses of nuclear power
- C) 1974 PNE (Peaceful Nuclear Explosions)
- D) 1998 Test (Operation Shakti)
- E) India's Nuclear Doctrine
- F) Evolution of India's Nuclear Policy

#### Reference:

- 1) K Subramanyam our National Security economic and Scientific Perspective," DirectorESRF Federation House"Delhi 1952
- 2) Bandipradnya,"Making of India's Foreign Policy,"Allied Publisher,Delhi,1991
- 3) Barry Nutan,"People state and Fear,National security Problem in International Relations,"Trance Asia Publisher,New Delhi.
- 4)Khan J.A. "Probing War and Warfare-APH New Delhi.
- 5) ShrikantParanjape,"Santosh Astra (in Marathi)", Continental Pune 1994
- 6) Dr.Todkar B.D. India and World inMarathi,Diamond Publication-2010
- 7) Dr.M.L.Sali. "India-China Border Dispute" A.P.H Publication New Delhi-1998
- 8) Dr.Khare,"International Politics" K sagar Publication.(Marathi)-2011
- 9) Dr.JadhavV.Y."India's National Security,Send Vardhan-2011
- 10) Dr.TodkarB.D."India's Foreign Policy and National Security-2009
- 11) Dr.VijayKhare,"Influence of Social Media on India's Foreign Policy.(Pentagon Press LLP 2021)
- 12) डॉ. देवेंद्रजी. विसपुते"आंतरराष्ट्रीयसुरक्षासमस्या- प्रशांतपब्लिकेशन 2020

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester III**  
**Paper No. XIV**

**War and Contemporary Warfare part 1**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims**

- 1 to provide a framework for understanding the development of war and peace in the twentieth century, through a distinctive theoretical approach which examines war and peace historically in the context of social, economic and cultural relations;
- 2 to develop an understanding of the major contemporary wars and the recent transformations of warfare, especially in the period since 1989, together with an appreciation of the problems of developing a stable democratic peace in the twenty-first century.

**Objectives**

- 1 that students will develop a rounded, historically informed understanding of the nature of modern war and of the major contemporary conflicts, together with an appreciation of ideas of and problems in the creation of a peaceful world;
- 2 that students will develop their abilities to theories, analyses, write and present social, political and historical ideas and information; and
- 3 that students will receive a general education in problems of contemporary war and peace which will help prepare them for research or for work concerning war, peace and related international issues in areas such as media, education and international organizations.
- 4 Students understand the nature of war and the factors used to define and characterize it.
- 5 The successful student will gain the historical foundation and framework to support informed discussion and analysis of modern warfare, its causes, conduct, and consequences.

**Outcome:**

- Understand how ‘traditional’ regular warfare is waged.
- Understand how the most important political, technological, and military developments since the end of the Cold War have changed the way military force is used.
- Understand how recent changes in warfare affect the utility of force in international relations.
- Understanding different types of wars - Revolutionary, Limited, Guerilla etc.

**Course Contents:**

**1) War**

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Causes of War
- C) Principle of War
- D) Consequences of War

## 2) Conventional Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Changing Dimension of War from Limited to Total

## 3) Hybrid Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Objectives and Effectiveness
- C) Case Studies

## 4) Nuclear Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Origin and Development
- C) Nature of Nuclear Weapons and Delivery System
- D) Nuclear War and Its Possible Consequences

### Reference:

- 1) J.F.C. fuller, "conductive war,"(London ,1961)
- 2) Clausewitz, "On War"Antok Rapport(London, 1968)
- 3) Montgomery "A History of War", (London 1968)
- 4) Gander,T.J."Nuclear,Biological and Chemical Warfare"
- 5) Khan J.A "Probing war and Warfare
- 6) ShrikantParanjpe," Samarikshastra"
- 7) James Turner Johnson "Morality and Contemporary Warfare"
- 8) प्रा. तोडकर "समकालीन युद्धपद्धती"
- 9) Vikrant Deshpande "Hybrid Warfare: The changing Character of Conflict.
- 10) प्रो. डॉ.चंद्रकांतबन्सीधर भांगे "युद्धतंत्र" स्वरांजली पब्लिकेशन गाझियाबाद उ.प्र.
- 11) प्रा. देविदास विजय भोसले "संरक्षण आणि सामरिकशास्त्र वेध स्पर्धा परीक्षांचा" स्वरांजली प्रकाशन गाझियाबाद उ.प्र.

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester III**  
**Paper No. XV**

**International Relations part 1**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

1. Understand global problems of conflict and political economy from multidisciplinary and comparative perspectives.
2. International relations (often referred to international affairs) has a broad purpose in contemporary society, as it seeks to understand: The origins of war and the maintenance of peace.
3. Understanding the origins of war and the maintenance of peace.
4. Understanding the contemporary issues in international relations.

**Outcome:**

- Describe the dominant theoretical approaches to international relations.
- Use their knowledge of the dominant theoretical approaches to international relations to interpret the behavior of international actors.
- Select methods of analysis appropriate to research in the student's chosen concentration, and apply at least one of these methods to a understand question in international relations.
- Integrate multiple disciplinary approaches to the study of international relations.

**Course Contents:**

**1. International Relation**

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Nature and Scope
- C) Importance of the study

**2. Theories and Approaches**

- A) Classical Approaches-Realism and Idealism
- B) The Scientific Revolution-Behavioural approach, Systems approach, Decision making Theories, Game theory
- C) International Political Economy

**3. Approaches to Peace**

- A) Diplomacy
- B) International Law
- C) Arms control and disarmament
- D) United Nations

**4. Developments in the Third World**

- A) Realism
- B) Nonalignment

References:

1. Palmer nadperkins, International Relations, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1988
2. Goldstein Joshna, International Relations, HASrper Collins College Publication, New York, 1994
3. Jacksoin Robert and George Sorensen, Introduction to International relations, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1999.
4. Willian Mare (ed) International Relations in the Twentieth Century: A rease, Macmillia



**Shivaji University, Kolhapur**  
**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester IV**  
**Paper No. XVI**  
**International and Regional Organization**  
**Part 2**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

- 1) To give the students a better understanding of the structure of international relations through various International and Regional Organization
- 2) To provide a general understanding of the major international organizations, with particular emphasis on the analysis of its powers and areas of operation.
- 3) To promote further study of the newly Emerged Organization and the United Nations.

**Outcome:**

- 1) Use analytical intellectual tools to examine global issues in the primary thematic areas of the department: international development, culture and globalization, gender and development, environment, global health and development, and cross-cultural communication and understanding.
- 2) Student can analyze the main objective of formation of International and Regional Organization
- 3) To promote thought within the student how global and regional organizations play an important role in the development of legal and policy frameworks, as well as in the design of effective action plans to betterment of world Peace and development.

**Course Contents:**

**1) SAARC**

- A) Structure Aim and Objectives
- B) Role and Evolution

**2) ASIAN**

- A) Structure Aim and Objectives
- B) Role and Evolution

**3) BRICS**

- A) Structure Aim and Objectives
- B) Role and Evolution

**4) Shanghai Cooperation Organization**

- A) Structure Aim and Objective
- B) Role and Evolution

**Reference:**

- 1) Agrawal S K(RD) Essay on the Law of Treaties-Bombay Orient LongMax-1973
- 2) Saksena K.P -Reforming the United Nation-New Delhi Sage Publication-1993
- 3) Bitgrami SJR- International Organization -New Delhi, Vikas Publication-1983
- 4) Anand R.P.Newand International law- New Delhi, Vikas Publication 1972
- 5) Anand P. Studies in International Adjudication- New Delhi- Vikas Publication 1963
- 6) K.M.Bhosale- World economic environment -Kolhapur, Fadake Publication 2000
- 7) International Relations and politics-R.G. Waradkar, Vidya Publication, Nagpur 2001
- 8) Prof. B.Y.Kulkarni International Relations-Vidya Publication, Nagpur 2005
- 9) Dr. Todkar BD, International Relation,Diamond Publication Pune 2000
- 10) प्रा. देविदास विजय भोसले "संरक्षण आणि सामरिकशास्त्र वेध स्पर्धा परीक्षांचा" स्वरांजली प्रकाशन गाजियाबाद उ.प्र.

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester IV**  
**Paper No. XVII**  
**Geopolitics Part 2**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

- 1 To understand the development and relations between geopolitical lines of argumentation and worldviews.
2. To understand the global and geopolitical strategy.
- 3 To understand the Political Geography and International Relations.
- 4 The aim is to comprehend how particular understandings of place are constructed by political actors (practical geopolitics), strategic institutions (formal geopolitics) and mass media (popular geopolitics) to become manifest in specific perceptions of world order

**Outcome:**

- 1 Demonstrate an understanding of geopolitics as a mode of analysis and its historical development.
- 2 Illustrate a competence in research, writing an academic document, and public speaking that demonstrates knowledge and insight into selected aspects of the subject.
- 3 Demonstrate a capacity for problem-solving and applying concepts.

**Course Contents:**

**1) Indian Ocean and its Geopolitical Importance**

- A) Introduction
- B) Geopolitical Importance
- C) India and Indian Ocean

**2) Buffer State and Land Locked State**

- A) Buffer State –Meaning concept, problems and prospects
- B) Land Locked –Meaning concept, problems and prospects
- C) Roles and Importance

**3) Geographical Factors affecting War**

- A) Boundaries, Topography, size and shape
- B) Location 8.3 Climate

#### **4) Dynamics of Geopolitics in Indian Subcontinent**

- A) Important choke Point in Indian subcontinent
- B) Geopolitical Importance of Sri Lanka, Andaman Nicobar and Maldives, Lakshadweep
- C) Geopolitics in Indian subcontinent and Role of China. (String of Pearl)

#### **References:**

1. Pettier Louis & EizePerey, Military Geography, East West Publication, New Delhi, 1981
2. Dikshit R.D.: Political Geography, the Discipline and its Dimensions (New Delhi, Tata Macgraw Hill, 1994)
3. A. T. Mahan: Sea power (London, Methuen & Co., 1975)
4. Pressot J .R.N.: Political Geography (London, Metnuen& Co.1972)
5. Harm J. di Blij: Systematic Political Geography (New York, John Wiley and Sons, 1973)
- 6) भागवत अ.वि .आणि मेघा जोशी, राजकीय भूगोल

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester IV**  
**Paper No. XVIII**

**India's National Security in 21st Century Part 2**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

1) The security has an extended meaning beyond its military dimension there is a better appreciation now of its non-military and human dimensions national security it comprises every action of the government by which a society seeks to assure its survival or realizes its aspirations internationally aimed at to create favorable National and international condition for the protection or extension of national interest against existing or potential any methods in this context the aim of this paper is to make students to understand ever changing different issue directly or indirectly involved in this study.

**Outcome:**

- 1) Students can analyze what are the challenges of India's national security in 21st century and its solution
- 2) Through various India's strategic polices students will be able understand issues of India's national security.

**Course Contents:**

**1) India's Maritime Policy**

- A) India's Navel Strategy and Maritime Policy
- B) Strategic Environment and Importance of Indian Ocean
- C) Presence of Superpowers in Indian Ocean
- D) Chinas String of Pearls
- E) India's Sagarmala Project

**2) India's Look East and Act East policy**

- A) Background
- B) Aims and Objectives
- C) Current Relevance

**3) Strategic environment of South Asia**

- A) Historical Background
- B) Current Status
- C) Way Forward

**4) China-Pakistan Alliance**

- A) Historical Background
- B) Current Status
- C) Impact over India's National Security

**Reference:**

- 1) K Subramanyam our National Security economic and Scientific Perspective," DirectorESRF Federation House"Delhi 1952
- 2) Bandipradnya,"Making of India's Foreign Policy,"Allied Publisher,Delhi,1991
- 3) Barry Nutan,"People state and Fear,National security Problem in International Relations,"Trance Asia Publisher,New Delhi.
- 4)Khan J.A. "Probing War and Warfare-APH New Delhi.
- 5) ShrikantParanjape,"Santosh Astra (in Marathi)", Continental Pune 1994
- 6) Dr.Todkar B.D. India and World inMarathi,Diamond Publication-2010
- 7) Dr.M.L.Sali. "India-China Border Dispute" A.P.H Publication New Delhi-1998
- 8) Dr.Khare,"International Politics" K sagar Publication.(Marathi)-2011
- 9) Dr.JadhavV.Y. "India's National Security,Send Vardhan-2011
- 10) Dr.TodkarB.D."India's Foreign Policy and National Security-2009
- 11) Dr.VijayKhare,"Influence of Social Media on India's Foreign Policy.(Pentagon Press LLP 2021)
- 12) डॉ. देवेन्द्र जी. विसपुते "आंतरराष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा समस्या- प्रशांत पब्लिकेशन 2020

**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester IV**  
**Paper No. XIX**

**War and Contemporary Warfare part 2**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims**

1. to provide a framework for understanding the development of war and peace in the twentieth century, through a distinctive theoretical approach which examines war and peace historically in the context of social, economic and cultural relations;
2. to develop an understanding of the major contemporary wars and the recent transformations of warfare, especially in the period since 1989, together with an appreciation of the problems of developing a stable democratic peace in the twenty-first century.

**Objectives:-**

1 that students will develop a rounded, historically informed understanding of the nature of modern war and of the major contemporary conflicts, together with an appreciation of ideas of and problems in the creation of a peaceful world;

2 that students will develop their abilities to theories, analyses, write and present social, political and historical ideas and information; and

3 that students will receive a general education in problems of contemporary war and peace which will help prepare them for research or for work concerning war, peace and related international issues in areas such as media, education and international organizations.

4 Students understand the nature of war and the factors used to define and characterize it.

5 The successful student will gain the historical foundation and framework to support informed discussion and analysis of modern warfare, its causes, conduct, and consequences.

**Outcome:**

- Understand how ‘traditional’ regular warfare is waged.
- Understand how the most important political, technological, and military developments since the end of the Cold War have changed the way military force is used.
- Understand how recent changes in warfare affect the utility of force in international relations.
- Understanding different types of wars - Revolutionary, Limited, Guerilla etc.

**Course Contents:**

**1) Chemical and Biological Warfare**

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Aim & Objectives
- C) Methods
- D) Preventive Measures

## 2) Psychological Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept Objectives
- B) Means and Method of Psychological Warfare
- C) Consequences

## 3) Economic Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Aim and Objectives
- C) Mean and Methods
- D) Nature and Consequences

## 4) Space Warfare

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Means and Methods
- C) Consequences

### Reference:

- 1) J.F.C. fuller, "conductive war,"(London ,1961)
- 2) Clausewitz, "On War"Antok Rapport(London, 1968)
- 3) Montgomery "A History of War", (London 1968)
- 4) Gander,T.J."Nuclear,Biological and Chemical Warfare"
- 5) Khan J.A "Probing war and Warfare
- 6) ShrikantParanjpe," Samarikshastra"
- 7) James Turner Johnson"Morality and Contemporary Warfare"
- 8) प्रा. तोडकर "समकालीनयुद्धपद्धती"
- 9) Vikrant Deshpande "Hybrid Warfare: The changing Character of Conflict.
- 10) प्रो. डॉ.चंद्रकांतबन्सीधर भांगे "युद्धतंत्र" स्वरांजली पब्लिकेशन गाझियाबाद उ.प्र.
- 11) प्रा. देविदास विजय भोसले "संरक्षण आणि सामरिकशास्त्र वेध स्पर्धा परीक्षांचा" स्वरांजली प्रकाशन गाझियाबाद उ.प्र.



**B.A. Part-II**  
**Defence Study (Entire)**  
**Semester IV**  
**Paper No. XX**

**International Relations part 2**

**Work Load – 4 Theory – Lectures/Week**

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**Aims & Objectives:**

1. Understand global problems of conflict and political economy from multidisciplinary and comparative perspectives.
2. International relations (often referred to international affairs) have a broad purpose in contemporary society, as it seeks to understand: The origins of war and the maintenance of peace.
4. Understanding the origins of war and the maintenance of peace.
5. Understanding the contemporary issues in international relations.

**Outcome:**

- Describe the dominant theoretical approaches to international relations.
- Use their knowledge of the dominant theoretical approaches to international relations to interpret the behavior of international actors.
- Select methods of analysis appropriate to research in the student's chosen concentration, and apply at least one of these methods to a understand question in international relations.
- Integrate multiple disciplinary approaches to the study of international relations.

**Course Contents:**

**1. Cold War**

- A) Meaning and Concept
- B) Nature and Scope
- C) Evolution since 1945 to 1991

**2. Détente**

- A) Nature and US and Soviet perceptions
- B) New Cold War

**3. Evolution of International Economic**

- A) Bretten Woods System
- B) NIEO
- C) GATT
- D) WTO

**4. A) the 1989 changes in East Europe**

- B) Soviet Disintegration

**References:**

1. Palmer nadperkins, International Relations, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1988
2. Goldstein Joshna, International Relations, HASrper Collins College Publication, New York, 1994
3. Jacksoin Robert and George Sorensen, Introduction to International relations, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1999.
4. Willian Mare (ed) International Relations in the Twentieth Century: A rease, Macmillian