

**REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY**  
**Faculty Of Humanities Paper No. I (Compulsory Course / Paper)**  
**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

TOTAL MARKS: 100 Total Periods / Lectures: 60 Introduced from June 2020

**PREAMBLE:** Research has a special relevance in realizing socio economic development of the economy. Hence it is of crucial importance to study and practice the research methodology. Therefore, the study of Research methodology must be essential and compulsory at least at higher level academic programmes. It is against this over all background, Research Methodology is a Compulsory course at M, Phil. and Ph. D. degree level programmes in all Universities and Institutes in India as well as abroad. The present course on Research methodology intends to equip the students with all the aspects and components of research activity. It will also train the students in the application of quantitative techniques and computer software packages in the research process.

**UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (15 Periods)**

- 1.1 Meaning, Types and Significance of Research - Research Methods
- 1.2 Research Process - Research Problem – Research Questions – Theory of Reasoning
- 1.3 Research Design and Types
- 1.4 Stages for a Research Proposal / Synopsis

**UNIT II: SAMPLING THEORY (15 Periods)**

- 2.1 Methods of Data Collection –Secondary & Primary - Quantitative & Qualitative
- 2.2 Types of Sampling: Probability and Non-Probability
- 2.3 Sampling, size and determination
- 2.4 Steps of Sample Design - Characteristics of a Good Sample Design

**UNIT III: DATA PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS (15 Periods)**

- 3.1 Processing of Data - Measurement and Scaling Techniques
- 3.2 Analysis of Data: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion
- 3.3 Relationship Analysis: Correlation, Regression, Data Interpretation
- 3.4 Testing of Hypotheses: Parametric and Non Parametric

**UNIT IV: ICT AND RESEACH WRITING (15 Periods)**

- 4.1 Computer in Research – Internet- Websites – e-Resources - e-Journals
- 4.2 Data Processing Software: Excel, Graphs, SPSS,
- 4.3 Scopus & Google Scholar Citations – h-Index, i10 Index - Research Gate Score

#### 4.4 Research Ethics and Plagiarism, Report Writing –Research Paper – Review of a Research Article / Paper /Book

##### **REFERENCE BOOK LIST:**

- Ackoff, Russell L., (1961) The Design of Social Research, Chicago: University of Chicago Press
- Ackoff, Russell L., (1962) Scientific Method, New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Ahuja Ram, (Reprint- 2017), Research Methods, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- Allen, T. Harrell, (1978) New Methods in Social Science Research, New York: Praeger Publishers.
- Anderson, H.H., and Anderson, G.L., (1951) An Introduction to Projective Techniques and Other Devices for Understanding the Dynamics of Human Behaviour, New York: Prentice Hall.
- Anderson, T.W., (1958) An Introduction to Multivariate Analysis, New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Bailey, Kenneth D.,(1978) “Methods of Social Research,” New York, 1978.
- Baker, R.P., and Howell, A.C., (1938) The Preparation of Reports, New York: Ronald Press.
- Berdie, Douglas R., and Anderson, John F., (1974) Questionnaires: Design and Use, Metuchen N.J.: The Scarecrow Press, Inc.
- Berenson, Conard, and Colton, Raymond, (1971) Research and Report Writing for Business and Economics, New York: Random House.
- Best, John W., and Kahn, James V., (1986) “Research in Education,” 5th Ed., New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- Bhandarkar and Wilkinson ( 2010) Methodology and Techniques of Social Science Research , Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi
- Bowley, A.L., (1937) Elements of Statistics, 6th ed. London: P.S. King and Staples Ltd..
- Earl Babbie, The Practice of Social Research, 13<sup>th</sup> edition- 5<sup>th</sup> Indian Print, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- Ghosh, B.N., (1982) Scientific Methods and Social Research, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Goode, William J., and Hatt, Paul K., (1952) Methods in Social Research, New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Gopal, M.H., (1965) Research Reporting in Social Sciences, Karnatak University. Dharwad.
- Gopal, M. H (1964) An Introduction to Research Procedure in Social Sciences, Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Gupta, S. C. ( 2016) Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi
- Gupta, S. P. (2017) Statistical Methods, S Chand and Sons , New Delhi
- Hans Raj (2000) Theory and Practice in Social Science Research, Surjeet Publications, Delhi.

- Kothari, C. R. ( 2008) Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques , New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- Gupta S.C, Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya Publication House, Bombay
- Rajaram V. (1996), Fundamentals of computers, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi Sanders D.H. (1981), Computer Today, McGraw Hill, New York.
- Sinha P.K. (1992), Computer Fundamentals, BPB Publications, New Delhi.
- Engalhart Max D. (1972), Methods of educational Research, Rand McNally and Company, Chicago
- Coburn Peter and others (1982), Practical guide to Computers in Education, Addison Wesley Publication Company, California
- Entustle, N.J. (1974), The Nature of Educational Research, Educational studies, A third level course, Methods of Educational enquiry, Block 1, The Open University Press, Walton Hall, Milton Kenya.
- Galtung Johan, (1974), Theory and Methods of Social Research, George Allan and Unwin Ltd., New Delhi
- Mason Emanuel J. and William J. Bramble (1978), Understanding and Conducting Research, Applications in education and the Behavioral Sciences, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York
- Mouly George J. (1964), The Science of Education Research, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi
- William Philip at. Al (1973), Evaluation and Assessment of educational Studies: A third level course methods of educational enquiry, The Open University Press, Walton Hall Blethaley Buckinghamshire
- Mariampolski H.(2001) Qualitative Market Research – A Comprehensive Guide Sage Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi
- Black Thomas (2001), Understanding Social Science Research, Sage Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi Fern Edward F.(2001) Advanced focus Group Research, Sage Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi

# REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY

## Faculty of Humanities, Paper – Compulsory Paper RECENT TRENDS IN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Specific Objectives:		
1] To learn some of the recent theoretical perspectives in sociology.		
2] To acquire analytical and interpretative skills so as to pursue career in research.		
		<b>Lectures</b>
<b>Unit-I</b>	<b>Ethnomethodology and Phenomenology</b>	<b>15</b>
	A] Ethnomethodology: Definition and Basic Conceptual Core	
	B] Garfinkel's Contribution; Criticisms on Traditional/ Mainstream Sociology	
	C] Phenomenology: Edmund Husserl's Phenomenology	
	D] Contributions of Alfred Schutz, Peter Berger and Luckmann	
<b>Unit-II</b>	<b>Critical Theory:</b>	<b>15</b>
	A] Frankfurt School- Contributions of Early Critical Theorists such as George Lukacs, Max Horkheimer, Theodor Adorno and Herbert Marcuse.	
	B] Critical Theory of Jurgen Habermas	
	C] Criticisms on and Relevance of Critical Theory	
<b>Unit-III</b>	<b>Structuralism, Structure and Agency</b>	<b>15</b>
	A] Structuralism: Major ideas of Saussure and Claude Levi-Strauss	
	B] Anthony Giddens's Structuration Theory	
	C] Bourdieu and the Idea of Reflexive Sociology	
<b>Unit-IV</b>	<b>Modern and Post-Modern Theory</b>	<b>15</b>
	A] Nature and Roots of Modern and Post-modern Theory	
	B] Jacques Derrida and Michel Foucault, Manuel Castells	
	C] Criticisms on and Relevance of Modern and Post-Modern Theory.	

<b>Recommended Readings:</b>	
Ritzer, George, 2000	<i>Sociological Theory</i> (International editions 2000). New York: McGraw-Hill, 2000
Turner, Jonathan H, 2005:	<i>The Structure of Sociological Theory</i> (4 <sup>th</sup> edition). Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat, 1995
Wallace Ruth A and Alison Wolf	<i>Contemporary Sociological Theory: Continuing the Classical Tradition</i> (Second Edition) Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1986.
Tim Delaney	<i>Contemporary Social Theory: Investigation and Application</i> , Pearson Education, Delhi, ISBN 978-81-317-2012-7, 2008
Alexander, Jeffrey C	<i>Twenty Lectures: Sociological Theory Since World War II</i> , New York: Columbia

	University Press,1887.
Collins,Randall	<i>Sociological Theory</i> ( Indian edition) Jaipur and New Delhi,Rawat,1997.
Craib,Ian	<i>Modern Social Theory: From Parsons to Habermas</i> ( 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition) London,Harvester Press,1992.
Zeitlin, Irving M	<i>Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory</i> ( Indian edition) Jaipur and New Delhi, Rawat.
Austin Harrington(Ed)	<i>Modern Social Theory: An Introduction</i> , Oxford University Press, 2005.
Manuel Castells	The Rise of the Network Society, Second edition, Wiley Blackwell.
<b>Note:</b>	Any Other text Article suggested by the subject teacher

# REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY

## Faculty of Humanities, Papers –III : Optional –A

### Industry and Society

#### Specific Objective of the Paper :

- 1) To acquire sociological understanding of Industry and Society.
- 2) To get acquainted with dynamics of industrialization and its consequences.

Lectures

Unit-1. Industry and Elite sociological tradition :

15

- i) Emile Durkheim : Division of Labor and Anomie
- ii) Karl Marx : Theory of Surplus Value and Alienation.
- iii) Max Weber : Bureaucracy and Rationality.

Unit -2. Industry and Society.

15

- i) Effects of industrilisation on the community.
- ii) Industrilisation and traditional family ,Industry and Family Disorganisation.
- iii) Corporate Social Responsibility.

Unit-3. Social Consequences of Industrilisation .

15

- i) Industrilisation and Urbanization of Rural Areas.
- ii) A Case study of Warananager.
- iii) Industrial Society and Social Structural Change.
- iv) Industrilisation and Reality of Indian Industry.

Unit-4 Post –industrial society and feminization of work.

15

- i) feminization of work –i) Unpaid Work of Women, ii) Unpaid Worker.
- ii) Gender and Inequalities of Work.
- iii) Changes in the Domestic division of labor.

#### References :

- i) P. S. J. Gisbert- Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology.
- ii) Dr. R.K. Sharma & R. N. Sharma-Introductory Industrial Sociology.
- iii) Eugene V. Schneider- Industrial Sociology.
- iv) Narendra K. Singh- Industrial Sociology.
- v) Tim Strangleman & Traccy Warren- Work and Society-Theory and Work.
- vi) डॉ. गरूनाथ नाडगोंडे - औद्योगिक समाजशास्त्र .
- vii) डॉ. सुधाताई काळदाते- औद्योगिक समाजशास्त्र .
- viii) प्रा. पी. के. कुलकर्णी - उद्योगाचे समाजशास्त्र .

- ix) प्रा.पी.के.कुलकर्णी - सामाजिक विचार प्रवाह .
- x) प्रा.पी.के.कुलकर्णी - औद्योगिक समाजशास्त्र .
- xi) डॉ.डी.डी.काचोले- औद्योगिक समाजशास्त्र .
- xii) डॉ.डी.डी.काचोले - समाजशास्त्रीय विचारवंत .

# **REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY**

## **Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional: B INDIAN SOCIETY : POVERTY AND SOCIAL INEQUALITIES**

### **Specific Objectives of the Paper:**

- 1] To enable the students to understand the Indian Society in terms of Poverty and Social Inequalities.
- 2] To enable the students to analyse the causes of Poverty and Social Inequalities and their consequences in terms of marginalization and exploitation of weaker sections.

### **Unit – I Unit Title: Indian Society**

**Lectures-15**

- A] Historical Background
- B] Socio – Cultural Composition
- C] Dr. Ambedkar's Perspective for Understanding Indian Society

### **Unit - II Unit Title: Indian Society and its Diversity**

**Lectures-15**

- A] Castes, Tribes, Races and Languages
- B] Religions and the role of States
- C] Causes of Religious fundamentalism

### **Unit - III Unit Title: Tribal, Rural and Urban Society in India**

**Lectures-15**

- A] Changing Tribal Society – Socio – Cultural, Economic and Political aspects.
- B] Changing Rural Society :Class Composition, Changing Cropping Patterns.
- C] Urban Social Tensions

### **Unit - IV Unit Title: Poverty and Inequalities in India**

**Lectures-15**

- A] Causes of Poverty
- B] Types of Social Inequalities
- C] Impact of Poverty and Inequalities on Indian Society and Eradication of Poverty and Inequalities.

**Important Note:** 80 marks for theory exam and 20 Marks for presentation of review of published papers in National /International journals for Ph.D course work and 10+10 marks for seminar and review of published papers respectively for M.Phil. Course.

### **Recommended Readings:**



1. Agarwal Bina (1986), Women, Poverty and Agricultural growth in India, Journal of Peasant studies 13(4).
2. Bardan, Pranab ( 1984), Land, Labour, and Rural Poverty, New York, Columbia University, Press.
3. Bestelle, Andre (1991), The Reproduction of Inequalities : Occupation, Caste and Family, Contributions to Indian Sociology, Vol. 25 No. 1, January – June. 15
4. Dahiwal S. M. (ed.) Understanding Indian Society, The Non – Brahmanic perspective, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006.
5. Gail Omvedt, Dalit Vision, Published by Orient Longman Private Limited, New Delhi, 2006.
6. Government of Maharashtra, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar writings and speeches vols. No. 1, 4, 5, 7 Education Department Mumbai, 1979, 1987, 1989, 1990.
7. Jean Dreze and Amartya Sen, Hunger and Public Action, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1989.
8. Jeramy Seabrook, World Poverty, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2005.
9. Martha Nussbaum and Amartya Sen, (ed.), The Quality of Life, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1993.
10. Salve R. N. Attitudinal Change between Rural Life of Communities in India, Quality of Work Life in the year 2000 (eds.) by Smokoviti and Szell Peter Lang Publication Germany, 1995.
11. Sharma K. L., (ed.) Social Inequalities in India, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1999.

**REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY****Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional: C  
ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIOLOGY**

Specific Objectives:

- 1] To get acquainted with the new sub-field of sociology, i.e. environmental sociology
- 2] To learn theoretical perspectives to understand relation between environment and society.
- 3] To equip the students with the knowledge of contemporary environmental issues, problems, their causes and consequences

Lectures

Unit - I	Sociology and Environment		15
	A]	Basic Concepts Definitions and Meaning: Environment, Ecosystem, the concept of Risk Society.	
	B]	Sociology and the Environment: The Chicago School: Classical Human Ecology, Neo-orthodox Ecological Perspective, Cultural Ecological Approach,	
	C]	Early thoughts about ecological issues in India: J. C. Kumarappa, Patrick Geddes, Radhakamal Mukerjee and Verrier Elwin	
Unit - II	Environmental Sociology : Field and Scope		15
	A]	Disciplinary Traditions and the Emergence of New Ecological Paradigm: DWW, HEP and NEP	
	B]	Environmental Sociology: Subject-matter and Scope	
	C]	Importance of Environmental Sociology	
	D]	Ecological Complex Models : Duncan's Ecological Complex: POET Model, Extended Complex model by Dunlap and Catton	
Unit - III	MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES IN INDIA		15
	A]	Water Issues in India	
	B]	Climate Change and Agriculture in India	

	C]	Environment and Human Health	
Unit - IV	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN INDIA		15
	A]	Climate mitigation policy in India	
	B]	Constitutional Provisions and Environmental Laws in India	
	C]	Environmental Movements in India: GOs, NGOs and Peoples participation	

**Important Note:** 80 marks for theory exam and 20 Marks for presentation of review of published paper in National /International journals for Ph.D course work and 10+10 marks for seminar and review of published papers respectively for M.Phil. Course.

Recommended Readings:	
Michael Radcliff and Graham Woodgate (Eds.)	<i>The International Handbook of Environmental Sociology</i> , Edward Elgar, Cheltenham, Uk, 1997.
Riley E. Dunlap et. al. (ed.)	<i>Sociological Theory and the Environment: Classical Foundations, Contemporary Insights</i> , Rowman & Littlefield, 2002
Guha, Ramchandra ( ed.)	<i>Social Ecology</i> , Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1994
Sundar I & P.K. Muthukumar	<i>Environmental Sociology</i> , I, Sarup and Sons, New Delhi, 2006.
Carolyn Merchant (Ed.)	<i>Ecology</i> , Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1996.
Saxena H. M.	<i>Environmental Studies</i> , Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006.
Martel Luke	<i>Ecology and Society: An Introduction</i> , Polity Press, 1994.
Guha, Ramachandra. 1992	“Pre-history of Indian Environmentalism”, in <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> , January 4-11, pp.57-64.
Guha, Ramachandra. 1997.	“Social-Ecological Research in India-A Status Report”, in <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> , Vol. 32 (7), Feb. 15, pp.345.
Chaudhary Sukant K.(Ed)	Readings in Indian Sociology- Sociology of Environment- Volume VII
Patil R.B.	<i>Organic Farming and Sustainable Development</i> , Shruti Publication, Jaipur
Iyan Hazara (Edited)	<i>Climate Change law and Society</i> , Satyam International Publication, New Delhi
Pawar S.N, Patil R.B., and	<i>Environmental Movements in India</i> , Rawat Publication, New Delhi

Salunkhe S.A (Edited)	
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<b>REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY</b> <b>Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Option: H</b> <b>GENDER AND SOCIETY</b>			
<b>Specific Objectives of the Paper:</b>  1] To introduce the students to the debate regarding role of biology and culture in the determination of gender roles.  2] To orient the students regarding theories of gender relation, social issues and women's movements in India.			
			Lectures
Unit - I	Gender and Sociological Analysis		15
	A]	Conceptual Issues: Gender, Social Construction of Gender, Gender Socialization, Patriarchy, Sexual division of Labour , Gender roles and Sex-Gender distinction,	
	B]	Women, Biology and Society: Views of Lionel Tiger & Robin Fox, George Murdock, Talcott Parsons & John Bowlby	
	C]	Women, Culture and Society: Views of Ann Oakley, Bruno Bettelheim, Ernestine Friedle & Sherry B. Ortner	
Unit - II	Theories and Major Social Issues of Gender		15
	A]	Theories of Gender Relations : Liberal, Radical and Socialist and Post-Modern Feminism	
	B]	Gender and Development	
	C]	Gender, Ecology and Environment	
	D]	Gender and Globalisation and Work	
Unit - III	Violence Against Women and Laws		15
	A]	Rape and Domestic Violence	
	B]	Dowry deaths and Pornography	
	C]	Violence and Media	
	D]	Law Relating Crime Against Women	
Unit - IV	Women's Organizations & Movements in India		15

	A]	Women's Organizations in Pre- independent India	
	B]	Development of Women's Organizations after Independence & their types	
	C]	Women's Movements in West during 20 <sup>th</sup> Century	
	D]	Women's Movement in Pre-Post-Colonial India	

Important Note: 80 marks for theory exam and 20 Marks for presentation of review of published papers in National /International journals for Ph.D course work and 10+10 marks for seminar and review of published papers respectively for M.Phil. Course.

Recomanded Readings:	
Altekar, A. :	The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization. Motilal Benarasidass, Delhi, 1983.
Desai, Neera and M. Krishnaraj :	Women and Society in India, Ajanta, Delhi , 1987.
Dube, Leela et.al(eds) :	Visibility and Power , Essays on Women in Society and Development, OUP New Delhi 1986
Dube, Leela. :	Women and Kinship : Comparative Perspective on Gender in south and south-East Asia. Tokyo: United Nations University Press, 1997.
Forbes, G.:	Women in Modern India, , Cambridge University Press, New Delhi , 1998.
Gandhi, N. and N. Shah	The Issue at State: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India, Kali for Women, New Delhi.
Myers, Kristen Anderson et. Al. (eds)	Feminist Foundation : Towards Transforming sociology, New Delhi. Sage ,1998..
Oakley, Ann.:	Sex. Gender and Society, New York : Harper and Row,1972.
Srinivas, M. N. :	Caste : Its modern Avatar, New Delhi : Penguin (Leela Dube's Aritcle on caste and women).
Ghadially, Rehana (ed.).	Women in India Society. New Delhi. Sage, 1988.
Michael Haralombas :	"Sociology Themes and Perspectives, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1980.
Mies Maria.:	Indian women and Patriarchy, Conflicts and Dilemmas of Students And working women. New Delhi. Concept. 1980.
Omvedt Gail.:	'Caste, Class and Women's Liberation in India' .Bulletin of concerned Asian scholars, 1975,
Pramila Joshi :	Women's Law: Rajesh Publication Pune, 2001.
Vaid, S & K. Sangani,	Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History, New Delhi:

	Kali For women, 1989.
Omvedt Gail:	Violence against Women: New Movement and New Theories in India, New Delhi: Kali for Women
Lotika Sarkar and B. Siva ramayya(ed)	Women and Law: Contemporary Problems New Delhi Vikas, 1994
Desai Pratibha	Women Empowerment: Study of Swayam Siddha NGO in Kolhapur city, Prarupa Publication, Kolhapur, 2014
Bolt, C.	The Women's Movements in the United States and Britain from the 1790s to the 1920s
Legates M.	New York & London : Harvester Wheatsheat, 1993 In Their Time: A History of Feminism in Western Society London: Routledge, 2001
Note:	Any other text/Article suggested by the subject teacher.



# **REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY**

Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional:

## **SOCIAL MOVEMENT IN INDIA**

### **Course Objectives:**

1. The course seeks to introduce students to one of the most urgent and prolific areas of sociological research that has direct bearing on the course of social, political, cultural and economic changes. It explores how, when and why groups mobilize with what results.
2. This course is designed to equip students with diverse disciplinary trainings to understand the conceptual, theoretical and methodological issues involved in the study of social movements, as well as the historical and descriptive analyses of collective action. It also draws attention to an important aspect of the analysis of social movements: their articulation with states, societies and cultures.
3. Through case studies drawn from comparative contexts, this course demonstrates the vital connectedness between collective action in social movements and other forms of institutional and cultural contexts. Particular case studies will be used as illustrations to understand more general patterns of social movements.
4. The course will also equip students to visualize the transition from traditional to contemporary social movements. The course envisages that studying social movements would ultimately foster an understanding of the dynamics of power, justice and human agency in transforming societies and cultures. To that extent it is a course that has a universal relevance and appeal.

### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

1. At the end of the course, students should be able to distinguish the central principles of different theoretical perspectives in the sociology of social movements and relate them to specific historical and empirical contexts.
2. Learn to use sociological theories on social movements to identify a phenomenon as one. Further, students should be able to distinguish a phenomenon as social movement from other cognate political phenomena.
3. Understand the dynamics and motivations of individuals and groups participating in social movements and identify reasons for success (or failure) of social movements.
4. Discuss and ask questions about social movement theories and methodologies with insight and precision.

### **Course Content**

#### **Unit - I - Unit Title: Social Movement**

**Lectures 15**

- A] Meaning and Types of Social movements
- B] Structural – Functional, Marxist and Weberian explanation of Social Movements
- C] Leadership, Organization and Social Movements
- D] Social Movement and the Role of State

#### **Unit - II Unit Title: Social Movements during Pre-independent**

**Lectures 15**

- A] Satyashodhak, Self-Respect and Human Rights Movement
- B] Tribal and Peasant Movements
- C] Trade union Labour Movements

D] Freedom Struggle Movement ‘Tilak-Gandhi-Ambedkar

**Unit - III Unit Title: New Social Movement During Post-independence**

**Lectures 15**

A] Dalit Movement

B] Women’s Movement

C] Human Rights and Environmental Movement

D] Consequences of Social Movement :Causes of success and Stagnation/disappearance of Social Movement

**Unit - IV Unit Title: Globalization, Discourse and Social Movement**

**Lectures 15**

A] Left and non left led Social Movements response to Globalization and Vis-à-Vis

B] Nation: discourse and intervention of Dalit Movement

C] Nation: Discourse and Political Parties- Communist Parties, Bahujan Samaj Party/Organizations and other Political Parties

D] Impact of Constitutional ideology on Social Movements and Society

**Important Note:** 80 marks for theory exam and 20 Marks for presentation of review of published papers in National /International journals for Ph.D course work and 10+10 marks for seminar and review of published papers respectively for M.Phil. Course.

**Recommended Readings:**

1. Shah Ghanashayam (2002) : Social Movements and State, New Delhi, Sage Pub.
2. Shah Ghanashayam (1990) : Social Movements in India New Delhi, Sage Pub.
3. Oommen T K (1977): ‘Sociological Issues in the Analysis of social Movements in Independent India. ‘Sociological Bulletin,26(1):14-37
4. Oommen T K (1990): Protest and Change : Studies In Social Movement, Delhi, Sage Pub.
5. Gurr T R (1970) :Why Men Rebel, Princeton, NJ,: Princeton University Press.
6. Heberle Rudolf (1951) : Social Movements :An Introduction to Political Sociology, New York: Appleton-Century Crafts.
7. Mukherjee Partha Nath (1977) : ‘Social Movement and Social changes : To a conceptual, Clarification and Theoretical Framework’ Sociological Bulletin, 26(1): 38-59
8. Offe C.(1985) : ‘New Social Movements :Challenging the Boundaries of Institutional Politics.’ Social Reseach,52
9. Kothari Rajni (1960) : ‘Direct Action: A Pattern of Political Behaviour ;Quest,24 January- March:1-26. 10. Wilkinson Paul (1971): Social Movements, London: Pall Mall.
11. Gore M S (1993): The Social Context of an Ideology : Ambedkar’s Political and Social Thoughts; New Delhi: Sage Pub.
12. Dasgupta, Biplab (1974) : The Naxalites Movement, Bombay: Allied Pub.

13. Custers, Peter (1987) : Women in Tebhaga Upspring, Calcutta: Naya Prokash.
14. Desai AR (ed) 1979 : Peasant Struggles in India, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
15. Desai AR (ed) 1980 : Agrarian Struggles in India After Independence, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
16. Dhanagare DN (1983) : Peasants Movements in India: 1920 – 1950, Delhi: OUP.
17. Prvier B (1981): The Telangana Movement 1944-51, Delhi Vikas Pub. House
18. Shah Ghanashayam (1988) : 'Grass Roots Mobilization in Indian Politics; In Atul Kohli (ed): Indias Demography: An Analysis of Changing state- society relations, : Princeton University Press.
19. Singh KS (1981): Tribal Movements in India, Vols I & II Delhi: Manohar.
20. Mies Maria (1976): Peasant Movements in Maharashtra : Its Development and its Perspectives.' The Journal of Peasant Studies, 3(3) July.
21. Anand VK (1980): Conflict in Nagaland, Delhi: Chanakya Publications.
22. Rajan M.S. (1995): World Order and the United Nations, Delhi: Haz-Anand Publications.
23. Sen Samar (1996): United Nations and the Global Change, New Delhi: Kaniskka Publishers.
24. Kagarlitsky Boris (2000) The Twilight of Globalization: Poverty, State and Capitalism, London Pluto Press. (The State & Globalization is Nationalization Dead ; Nations & nationalition).
25. Michael SM (ed) 1990: Dalits in Modern India: Vision & Values, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
26. Shah Nandita (1992): The Issues at Stake: Theory and Practice In the Contemporary Women's Movement in India, New Delhi, Kali for Women.
27. Jogdand PG (1991): Dalit Movement In Maharashtra, New Delhi: Konark Publication.
28. Jogdand PG (1999): New Economic Policy and Dalits, Jaipur Rawat Publications.
29. Omvedt, Gail (1995): Dalit Vision : The Anti-Caste Movement And the Construction of an India Identity, New Delhi: Orient Longman.
30. Zelliott Eleanor (1995) From Untouchables to Dalit : Essays on the Ambedkar Movement, New Delhi Manohar Publications.
31. Banks JA (1972) The Sociology of Social Movements, London ; McMillan Pub.
32. Shiva Vandana (1991): Ecology and the Politics of survival , New Delhi : Sage Pub.
33. O'hanlon Rosalind (1985): Caste, Conflict And Ideology : Mahatma Jotirao Phile & Low Caste Protest In 19th century Western India , Bombay : Orient Longman.
34. Jefferlot Christophe (2003): India's Silent Revolution : The Rise of the low castes in north India Politics , Delhi: Permanent Black.

# REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY

## Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional: SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH

### Course Objectives:

The course introduces students to the sociology and anthropology of health, illness and medical practice by highlighting the significance of socio-cultural dimensions in the construction of illness and medical knowledge. Individual and group experiences and negotiations of health and illness are explored through case studies and health policies. Theoretical perspectives examine the dynamics of local, regional and global knowledge that shape these constructions.

### Course Learning Outcomes:

1. To be able to use the key concepts developed in sociology and anthropology to understand biomedical practices of health and illness
2. To critique biomedicine and have an understanding of medicine as a plurality
3. To analyses the everyday experiences of health and illness as produced through social, economic, political and cultural forces
4. To gain insights on issues of public health in India and arrive at independent analysis

### Course Content:

Unit-I		Sociology of Health	Lectures
	A)	Sociology of Health :Emergence, Nature, Scope and Its Relevance	
	B)	Basic Concepts:	
	C)	Sociological Perspectives on Health and Illness	
	D)	Health, health Care and Social Institutions: State, Market ,Community and Family in health and medicine	
Unit:-II		Modes of Therapy and Systems of Medicine	
	A)	Social Causes of Illness, Beliefs, Attitude, Value and Superstitions	
	B)	Modes of Therapy: Curative, Preventive and Rehabilitative	
	C)	Systems of Medicines in India	
	D)	Hospital asocial System: Structure of System, Doctor-Patient Relationships and Patient Behaviour and Hospitalization	
Unit-III		Community Health, State and Health	
	A)	Concept of Community Health and Health Problems in India	
	B)	Health Policies and Health Programmes of government of India	
	C)	Public Health Care System in India	
	D)	Health and Development: Current Challenges	
Unit-IV		Man, Environment and Diseases	
	A)	Social Ecology of Disease and Environmental Degradation and Health Problems	
	B)	Cultural Factors bearing on health and health care in India	
	C)	Health and Social Problems	

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Recommended Readings:	
Park K. (2002)	<i>Text book of Preventive and Social Medicine</i> (20 <sup>th</sup> Edition), Banarasidas Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur. Basic Text
Park K.	<i>Text book of Preventive and Social Medicine</i> (6 <sup>th</sup> Edition), Banarasidas Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur.
Schaefer T. Richard and Lamm P. Robert (1999)	<i>Sociology</i> (6 <sup>th</sup> Edition), Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company New Delhi ( For Approaches).
Mechanic David (1978)	<i>Medical Sociology</i> (2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition), Free Press, New York ( For Basic Concepts).
Pokarna K. L. (1994)	<i>Social Beliefs</i> , Cultural Practices in Health and diseases, Rawat Publications, New Delhi
Marulkar V. S.	<i>Miraj Medical Complex: A Sociological Study</i> , Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis, Shivaji University, Kolhapur
ICSSR (1974)	<i>A Survey of Research in Sociology and Social Anthropology</i> , Vol. II, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
Basu S. C. (1991)	<i>Handbook of Preventive and Social Medicine</i> (2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition) Current Books International, Kolkata.
Bedi Yash Pal	Social and preventive Medicine, Anand Publishing co. Amritsar, 198815 <sup>th</sup> edition,
Francis C.M.	Hospital administration , Japee Brothers, Medical Publishers, New Delhi.
Mathur Indu	Interrelations in an organization- A study of sociology of Medicine, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1975.
Madan T.N.	Doctors and Society: Three Asian Case Studies, Vikas Publishing House, Sahibabad, 1980
Nagla Madhu	Medical Sociology: Print well Publishers, Jaipur, 1988
Ogale S.L.	Health and Population, Sneh Sadan, Mahim, Mumbai, 1976
Sigerist H.E.	A short History of Medicine, Vol. I, Princtive and Arebaic Medicine, OUP, 1979.

Venkatralnam R.	Medical Sociology in an Indian Setting; The Macmillan Co. of India Ltd. Madras, 1979
Rao Mohan	Disinvesting in Health, The World Bank's prescription for health, Sage, New Delhi, 1999.
Indu Mathur and Sharma Sanjay	Health Hazards, Gender and Society, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 1995.
Dak, T.M., (1991)	Sociology of Health in India, Kaveri Printers, New Delhi
<b>Note:</b>	Any other text/Article suggested by the subject teacher.

<b>REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY</b>			
<b>Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional:</b>			
<b>SOCIOLOGY OF MIGRATION</b>			
			Lectures
<b>Unit - I</b>	<b>Migration: Some Basic Concepts</b>		15
	A]	Concept of Migration	
	B]	Internal and External Migration	
	C]	Streams of Migration	
	D]	Migration in pre-Industrial Societies	
<b>Unit - II</b>	<b>Theories of Migration</b>		15
	A]	Theories on General Principles of Migration: E.G. Ravenstein and Everett Lee	
	B]	Classical and Neo-Classical Models: Lewis and Todaro	
	C]	Socio-Economic Theories of Migration: Zelinsky, Hoffman-Nowotny	
<b>Unit - III</b>	<b>Methods for Measuring Migration</b>		15
	A]	Place of Birth	
	B]	Duration of Residence	
	C]	Place of Residence at a Fixed Price rate	
<b>Unit - IV</b>	<b>Causes and Effects of Migration</b>		15
	A]	Pull and Push Factors in Migration	
	B]	Migration and Social Change	
	C]	Migration: Trends and Projections	
	D]	Migration and Urbanization	

### **Recommended Readings:**

Bhide, Asha A and Kanitkar Tara., 2000:	Principles of Population Studies. Bombay, Himalaya Publishing House, pp 346-380.
Sekher, T.V:	Migration and Social Change
Kaul, Ravender Kumar. 2005:	Migration and Social, Jaipur. Rawat Publication, [25.09546 KAU-251993] pp1-26.
Sivaramkrishnan, K.C., Kundu Amitabh and Singh, B.N. 2005:	Oxford Handbook of Urbanisation in India. New Delhi. Oxford University Press. [301.360954 SIV 250035] pp28 to 32.
Rao, M.S.A. 1981:	Some aspects of Sociology of Migration, Sociological Bulletin, 30 (1), pp, 30-35.
Lee, Everett. 1968:	A Theory of Migration, in Heer D.M. (eds.) Readings on Population p, 184.
Ravenstein, E.G. 1969:	The Law of Migration, Journal of Royal Statistical Society pp,11-59.
Datta, Amal. 2003:	Human Migration: A Social Phenomenon. New Delhi. Mittal Publications [325 DAT-250233].
Cherunilam, Francis, 1987:	Migration: Causes, Correlates, Consequences, Trends & Policies. Bombay. Himalaya Publishing. [325CHE177635]
Jorden and Duvell 2003:	Migration, Polity Publication, London

# **REVISED COURSE WORK FOR M. Phil. / Ph. D. IN SOCIOLOGY**

Faculty of Humanities, Paper –III: Optional:8

## **SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY**

### **Course Objectives:**

#### **Unit I: Introduction**

**Lectures -15**

- A) Meaning and scope of social - cultural anthropology
- B) Relations with other branches of anthropology
- C) Relations with other social and behavioral disciplines:  
History, Sociology, Political Science, Economics,  
Psychology and Geography
- D) Basic concepts: Culture, society, community, group,  
association, social structure, social organization status and role

#### **Unit I: Anthropological Theories**

**Lectures -15**

- A) Evolutionary theories: Classical evolutionism and Neo-evolutionism.
- B) Functionalism of B. Malinowski and A.R Radcliffe Browns
- C) Culture and personality theories of Ruth Benedict and Margaret Mead.
- D) Cultural ecological theory of J.H. Stewards
- E) Cultural materialist theories of Marvin Harris, Eric Wolf and M. Sahlins.

#### **Unit III: Family and Marriage**

**Lectures -15**

- A) Family: Definitions and universality; household and domestic group; division of labour; typologies (conjugal, consanguineal, nuclear, joint, extended, patrilocal, matrilocal)
- B) Functions of family; trends of change, the changing joint - family in India.
- C) Marriage: Definitions and universals, incest and incest taboo; marriage rules (endogamy and exogamy, levirate and sororate, preferential and prescriptive); marriage forms (monogamy and polygamy)
- D) Marriage: Functions of marriage; marriage payments (dowry and bride-price); marriage stability and divorce; widowhood and remarriage

#### **Unit IV: Economic, Political and Religious organizations**

**Lectures -15**

- A) Folk (tribal), peasant, pastoral and urban economies distinguished  
Salient features of pre - industrial economies: 'primitive communism', concepts of subsistence and surplus economies, principles of production, distribution and consumption; systems of exchange (reciprocity, redistribution, barter and trade)
- B) Types of political organizations of simple societies: egalitarian and non egalitarian, centralized and decentralized.
- C) Differences between stateless and state societies
- D) Nature of religion in simple societies: animism, animatism, fetishism, naturism and totemism.
- E) Religion, magic and science distinguished.
- F) Magico-religious functionaries in simple societies: priest, shaman, witch, sorcerer.



**Recommended Readings:**

1. Ember.C.R. and M.Ember 2002 - Anthropology. New Delhi: Prentice -Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Evans-Pritchard,E.E. 1990 - Social Anthropology. New Delhi: Universal Book Stall
3. Fox , Robin 1967 - Kinship and Marriage. Penguin book
4. Haviland, W.A 1993 - Cultural Anthropology. London: Harcourt and Brace
5. Scupin, R and C.R. De corse. 2005 - Anthropology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India
6. Bloch, M (1975) Marxist analysis in Anthropology. London: Malaby
7. Bloch, M (1983) Marxism and Anthropology. Oxford: Clarendon Press
8. Jha, M (1994) An Introduction to Anthropological Thought. New Delhi, Vikas Publishers.
9. Kuper, A (1996 (1973)) Anthropologists and anthropology. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul
10. Barnard, A (2000) History and Theory in Anthropology. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
11. Layton ,R (1997) An Introduction to Theory in Anthropology. Cambridge: University Press.
12. Upadhyaya, V.S and G.Pandey (1997) History of Anthropological Thought. New Delhi: Concept publishers.