

# Practice Questions

**Subject:-** Information Retrieval

**Class:** BE

**Department:-** Information Technology

**Semester:-** VIII

**Note:-** Answer key for each question is shown in **BOLD**.

1. Given a document collection which has 50 relevant documents, if an IR system retrieves 20 relevant and 23 irrelevant documents, what is the precision value of the system?  
**A. 0.46**  
B. 0.40  
C. 0.86  
D. 0.50
2. Steps of Indexing are performed in following order  
A. Stop-word Elimination, Tokenization, Stemming  
B. Tokenization, Stemming, Stop-word Elimination  
**C. Tokenization, Stop-word Elimination, Stemming**  
D. Stemming, Tokenization, Stop-word Elimination
3. In Information retrieval most common words such as articles, prepositions etc. are removed from tokens by using  
A. Stemming  
**B. Stop-word elimination**  
C. Indexing  
D. Ranking
4. Following is not a type of Rank-Based Measures  
A. Precision @ K  
B. Mean Average Precision  
C. Mean Reciprocal Rank  
**D. Discounted cumulative gain**
5. For a small collection of documents on a personal computer that don't experience any  
**A. Block sort-based indexing algorithm**  
B. Single-pass in memory indexing algorithm  
C. Distributed Map-Reduce indexing algorithm  
D. Dynamic indexing process employing an auxiliary index
6. Data stored in a table is a form of \_\_\_\_  
A. Unstructured Data  
**B. Structured Data**  
C. Semi-Structured Data  
D. None of the Above
7. Recall is a

- A. Fraction of retrieved documents that are relevant
  - B. Fraction of relevant documents that are retrieved**
  - C. Both A and B
  - D. None of the above
8. Following are the example of classical models of IR
- A. The Boolean Model
  - B. The vector Model
  - C. Set-Based Model
  - D. All options are correct**
9. Which of the following are components of IR Model
- A. Crawling
  - B. Indexing
  - C. Query
  - D. All options are correct**
10. The IR problem can be defined as a
- A. 4-tuple**
  - B. 3-tuple
  - C. 5-tuple
  - D. 6-tuple
11. Inverted Index Dictionary is sorted by
- A. Term frequency
  - B. Document Frequency
  - C. Term/term ID**
  - D. DocID
12. Given a document containing the sentence “**I left my left bag at my home**” the number of tokens in the sentence is
- A. 8**
  - B. 4
  - C. 6
  - D. 1
13. Yahoo search engine uses stemming for its Index generation
- A. True
  - B. False**
14. Boolean Retrieval model maintains the **term frequency**.
- A. True
  - B. False**
15. The number of times that a word or term occurs in a document is called the:
- A. Proximity Operator
  - B. Vocabulary Lexicon
  - C. Term Frequency**
  - D. Indexing Granularity

16. A crude heuristic process that chops off the ends of the words to reduce inflectional forms of words and reduce the size of the vocabulary is called:
- A. Lemmatization
  - B. Case Folding
  - C. True casing
  - D. Stemming**
17. The formula used to estimate the vocabulary size of a collection is known as:
- A. Zipf's law
  - B. Power law
  - C. Heap's law**
  - D. Compression ratio
18. A compression algorithm that results in some loss of data is called:
- A. zipf compression
  - B. dictionary compression
  - C. lossless compression
  - D. lossy compression**
19. A metric derived by taking the log of N divided by the document frequency where N is the total number of documents in a collection is called:
- A. document frequency
  - B. tf-idf weight
  - C. collection frequency
  - D. inverse document frequency**
20. The tf-idf weight is highest when a term t occurs many times within a small number of documents.  
Select one:
- A. True**
  - B. False
21. Stemming increases the size of the vocabulary. Select one:
- A. True
  - B. False**
22. In information retrieval, extremely common words which would appear to be of little value in helping select documents that are excluded from the index vocabulary are called:
- A. Stop Words**
  - B. Tokens
  - C. Lemmatized Words
  - D. Stemmed Terms
23. The list of web pages that a web crawler has queued up to index is called the:
- A. Web Page Queue
  - B. Seed set

- C. URL Filter
  - D. URL Frontier**
24. Recall is the fraction of non relevant documents that are retrieved.
- A. True
  - B. False**
25. What is the value of  $tf(\text{computer}, \text{doc1})$  and  $tf(\text{network}, \text{doc1})$  for following document  
Doc1: Computer network is a basic subject in Computer Engineering Branch.
- A. 1,1
  - B. 2,1**
  - C. 2,2
  - D. 1,2
26. The proportion of non-relevant documents that are retrieved, out of all non-relevant documents is nothing but
- A. Precision
  - B. Recall
  - C. Fall-out**
  - D. F-measure
27. Following metrics balances between precision and recall value
- A. R-precision
  - B. F-score**
  - C. Fall-out
  - D. DCG
28. Which of the following features can be used for accuracy improvement of a classification model?
- A. Frequency count of terms
  - B. Vector Notation of sentence
  - C. Part of Speech Tag
  - D. All of these**
29. To evaluate the effectiveness of an IR system the output from a standard query executed against the test IR system is compared with the known output from a:
- A. internet collection
  - B. reference book
  - C. Separate IR system.
  - D. standard test collection**
30. For a very large collection of books of classic literature the most appropriate indexing algorithm would be:
- A. Block sort-based indexing algorithm

- B. Single-pass in memory indexing algorithm
- C. **Distributed Map-Reduce indexing algorithm**
- D. Dynamic indexing process employing an auxiliary index