

SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR - 416 004, MAHARASHTRA

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शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर - ४१६ ००४,महाराष्ट्र

दूरध्वनी - ईपीएबीएक्स - २६०९०००, अभ्यासमंडळे विभाग दुरध्वनी ०२३१—२६०९०९३/९४



Date: 25/07/2023

SU/BOS/Science/556

To,

The Principal,	The Head/Co-ordinator/Director
All Concerned Affiliated Colleges/Institutions Shivaji University, Kolhapur	All Concerned Department (Science) Shivaji University, Kolhapur.

Subject: Regarding syllabi of as per NEP-2020 under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

Sir/Madam,

With reference to the subject mentioned above, I am directed to inform you that the university authorities have accepted and granted approval to the revised syllabi, nature of question paper and equivalence of degree programme under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

1.	M.Sc. Part I Geography	3.	Dept of Statistics Value Added Course
2.	M.Sc. Part I Chemistry		i) Artificial Intelligence and Machine
	(Inorganic, Organic, Physical, Analytical, Industrial, Applied)		Learning -I ii) Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning -II

This syllabus, nature of question and equivalence shall be implemented from the academic year 2023-2024 onwards. A soft copy containing the syllabus is attached herewith and it is also available on university website www.unishivaji.ac.in > Online Syllabus.

The question papers on the pre-revised syllabi of above-mentioned course will be set for the examinations to be held in October /November 2023 & March/April 2024. These chances are available for repeater students, if any.

You are, therefore, requested to bring this to the notice of all students and teachers concerned.

Thanking you,

Dy Registrar Dr. S. M. Kubal

Copy to:

1	The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology	5	P.G. Admission/Seminar Section
2	Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation	6	Computer Centre/ Eligibility Section
3	The Chairman, Respective Board of Studies	7	Affiliation Section (U.G.) (P.G.)
4	B.Sc. Exam/ Appointment Section	8	Centre for Distance Education

Shivaji University, Kolhapur Department of Geography (Faculty of Science and Technology)



Revised Syllabus (CBCS) (as per NEP 2020) of M.A./M.Sc. in Geography (2 Years) (Level 8 & 9)

Implemented From...

Part I (Level 8): Academic Year 2023-24 onwards (i.e., from June 2023)

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Choice Based Credit System with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Option (NEP - 2020) M.A./M.Sc. Geography Programme Structure M.A./M.Sc. Part - I (Level 8)

	SEMESTER-I (Duration- Six Months)									
		Teaching Scheme Examination S				Scheme				
Sr.	Course	Theor	ry and Practi	cal	Univers	ity Assessm	ent (UA)	Interna	l Assessment	(IA)
No.	Code	Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours:Min	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours
1	MT-101	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
2	MT-102	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
3	MT-103	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
4	ET- 101/102/103	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
5	MP-101	4	8	4	100	40	5			
6	MP-102	2	4	2	50	20	2:30			
7	Total (A)		28	22	470			80		
			SE	MESTE	R-II (Dura	tion- Six M	Ionths)			
1	MT-204	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
2	MT-205	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
3	ET- 204/205/206	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
4	EP- 201/202/203	4	8	4	100	40	5			
5	MP-203	2	4	2	50	20	2:30			
6	#FP/OJT-201	4**	8**	4	60	24	3	40	16	*
-	Total (B)		32	22	450			100		
To	otal (A+B)			44	920			180		

Note(s):

•Student contact hours per week : 24 / 28 Hours (Min.)	•Total Marks for M.A./M.ScI: 1100
•Theory Lectures 60 Minutes Each and Practical Lectures 120 Minutes Each	• Total Credits for M.A./M.ScI (Semester I & II) : 44
•MT- Mandatory Theory Course •ET- Elective Theory Course	• Theory and Practical examination will be conducted at the end of respective semester.
•MP- Mandatory Practical Course	•Practical courses may be divided into sub-sections.
•EP- Elective Practical Course •#FP/JT- Field Project / On Job Training (**during vacation)	•*Duration of practical examination as per respective BOS guidelines.
•RP- Research Project	•Separate passing is mandatory for Theory and Practical examination as well as University and Internal assessment.

•Requirement for Entry at Level 8: Completed all requirements of the Bachelor's Degree (Level 7) with Geography as principal / major subject.

•Exit Option at Level 8: Students can exit after Level 8 with Post Graduate Diploma in Geography if he/she completes the course equivalent to minimum of 44 credits.

Choice Based Credit System with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Option (NEP – 2020) M.A./M.Sc. Geography Programme Structure M.A./M.Sc. Part – II (Level 9)

	SEMESTER-III (Duration- Six Month)										
	Teaching Scheme					Examination Scheme					
Sr.	Course	Theor	y and Practi	cal	Univers	ity Assessmei	nt (UA)	Internal	Assessment	(IA)	
No.	Code	Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	
1	MT-306	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
2	MT-307	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
3	ET- 307/308/309	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
4	MP-304	4	8	4	100	40	5				
5	MP-305	2	4	2	50	20	2:30				
6	RP-301	4	8	4	80	32	4	20	8	*	
,	Total (C)		32	22	470			80			
			SEN	1ESTER	-IV (Durat	ion- Six Mo	nth)				
1	MT-401	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
2	MT-402	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
3	ET- 410/411/412	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
4	EP-404/405	4	8	4	100	40	5				
5	RP-402	6	12	6	120	48	6	30	12	*	
	Total (D)		32	22	460			90			
T	otal (C+D)			48	930			170			

Note(s):

•Student contact hours per week : 32 Hours (Min.)	•Total Marks for M.A./M.ScII: 1100
•Theory Lectures 60 Minutes Each and Practical Lectures 120 Minutes Each	• Total Credits for M.A./M.ScII (Semester III & IV): 44
•MT- Mandatory Theory Course	Theory and Practical examination will be conducted at the end of respective semester.
•ET- Elective Theory Course •MP- Mandatory Practical Course	Practical courses may be divided into sub-sections.
•EP- Elective Practical Course •FP/OJT- Field Project / On Job Training	•*Duration of practical examination as per respective BOS guidelines.
•RP- Research Project	•Separate passing is mandatory for Theory and Practical examination as well as University and Internal assessment.

Requirement for Entry at Level 9:

- 1) Completed all requirements of the relevant Post Graduate Diploma (Level 8) in Geography
- 2) Bachelor's Degree (Honours / Research) (Level 8) in Geography

•Exit Option at Level 9: Students can exit after Level 9 with Master's Degree in Geography if he/she completes the course equivalent to minimum of 88 credits.

Programme and Course Guidelines:

- 1. Title of the Course: M.A./M.Sc. in Geography (with multiple entry and exit option).
- 2. Year of Implementation: Revised syllabus will be implemented from academic year 2023-24.
- **3. Programme Duration:** The M.A./M.Sc. programme duration is of two years comprising of four semesters. Each semester spanning for 6 months of minimum 120 working days (minimum 90 teaching days).
- **4. Scheme of Examination for Internal Assessment** and Requirement before appearance for University Assessment:

Course Type	Total Internal Assessment Marks	Class Test	Seminar Presentation	Assignment	Project Reports	Study Tour Report	Supervisor's Report
Theory	20	10	10	Optional			
Practical – 4 Credits	Nil			Required			
Practical – 2 Credits	Nil			Required			
Field Project / On Job Training – 4 Credits	40		Required		Required		40
Research Project – 4 Credits	20		Required		Required	Required	20
Research Project – 6 Credits	30		Required		Required		30

5. Scheme of Examination and Nature of Question Paper for University Assessment:

I. Nature of Theory Question Paper (80 Marks):

Question No.	Type of Question (Word limit)	Number of Questions to be Asked	Number of Questions to be Answered	Marks per Question	Total Marks
Q1.	Objective type (MCQ)	08	08	02	16
Q2.	Short Answer	04	04	04	16
Q3.	Short Notes	03	02	08	16
Q4.	Long Answer/ Essay type	02	01	16	16
Q5.	Long Answer/ Essay type	02	01	16	16
Total = 05			-		80

II(a). Nature of Practical Question Paper for Major Practical (100 Marks) Assessment:

Question No.	Type of Question/ Assessment	Marks
Q1	Practical/ Lab Assessment	20
Q2	Practical/ Lab Assessment	20
Q3	Practical/ Lab Assessment	20
Q4.	Practical/ Lab Assessment	15
Q5.	Practical Assignment/ Journal	15
Q6.	Viva-voce	10
Total = 06		100

II(b). Nature of Practical Question Paper for Minor Practical (50 Marks) Assessment

Question No.	Type of Question/ Assessment	Marks
Q1.	Practical/ Lab Assessment	20
Q2.	Practical/ Lab Assessment	15
Q3.	Practical Assignment/ Journal	8
Q4.	Viva-voce	7
Total = 04		50

III. Scheme of Examination for Field Project / Job Training (60 Marks)

Question No.	Type of Question/ Assessment	Marks
Q1.	Seminar Presentation	20
Q2.	Evaluation of Project Report/ Job Report	20
Q3.	Viva-voce	20
Total = 03		60

IV(a). Scheme of Examination for Research Project –I (80 Marks)

Question No.	Type of Question/ Assessment	Marks
Q1.	Seminar Presentation	20
Q2.	Evaluation of Project Report	25
Q3.	Evaluation of Study Tour Report	15
Q4.	Viva-voce	20
Total = 04		80

IV(b). Scheme of Examination for Research Project –II / Dissertation (120 Marks)

Question No.	Type of Question/ Assessment	Marks
Q1.	Seminar Presentation	30
Q2.	Evaluation of Project Report	60
Q3.	Viva-voce	30
Total = 03		120

^{*}Nature of question paper may be different than specified here in case of online assessment.

6. Course Structure (CBCS): M.A./M.Sc. Geography Part –I (Level-8) and Part –II (Level-9)

Course Type	ourse Type Course No. Course Title		Teaching Hrs /week	Credits
		Semester - I		
Mandatory Theory	MT-101	Geomorphology	4	4
	MT-102	Principles of Climatology	4	4
	MT-103	Economic Geography	4	4
Elective Theory			4	4
(any one)	ET-102	Settlement Geography	4	4
	ET-103	Geography of Health and Nutrition	4	4
Mandatory Practical	MP-101	Research Methodology in Geography	8	4
•	MP-102	Computer Applications in Geography	4	2
		Total Credit (Cumulative)		22 (22)
		Semester - II		
Mandatory Theory	MT-204	Advanced Cartography and Surveying	4	4
	MT-205	Climate Change and Disaster Management	4	4
Elective Theory	ET-204	Fundamentals and Applications of GIS and GPS	4	4
(any one)	ET-205	Fundamentals of Soil Geography	4	4
	ET-206	Tourism Geography	4	4
Elective Practical	EP-201	Introduction to GIS Software and GPS	8	4
(any one)	EP-202	Soil and Water Analysis	8	4
	EP-203	Practical in Tourism Geography	8	4
Mandatory Practical			4	2
Field Project/On Job FP-201 or Training (any one) OJT-201		Field Project / On Job Training (during vacation)	8	4
		Total Credit (Cumulative)		22 (44)
		Semester - III		
Mandatory Theory	MT-306	Geohydrology and Oceanography	4	4
	MT-307	Fundamentals of Remote Sensing and DIP	4	4
Elective Theory	ET-307	Biogeography	4	4
(any one)	ET-308	Geography of Environment	4	4
	ET-309	Political Geography	4	4
Mandatory Practical	MP-304	Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and DIP	8	4
•	MP-305	Statistical Techniques in Geography	4	2
Research Project	RP-301	Research Project – I	8	4
•		Total Credit (Cumulative)		22 (66)
		Semester - IV		ì
Mandatory Theory	MT-408	Regional Planning and Development	4	4
	MT-409	Development of Geographical Thought	4	4
Elective Theory	ET-410	Agricultural Geography		4
		Geography of Resources	4	4
	ET-412	Social and Cultural Geography	4	4
Elective Practical	EP-404	Geographical Data Representation Methods – Physical Geography		4
(any one)			8	4
Research Project RP-40		Research Project – II (Dissertation)	12	6
		Total Credit (Cumulative)		22 (88)

Course Type	Course Code	Number of Courses	Credit Per Course	Total Credits
Mandatory - Theory	MT	09	04	36
Mandatory – Practical	MP	05	02/04	14
(incl. Research Methodology)				
Elective - Theory	ET	04	04	16
Elective - Practical	EP	02	04	08
Field Project / Job Training	FP/JT	01	04	04
Research Project	RP	02	04/06	10

8. Equivalence in Accordance with Title and Content of Courses (for revised syllabus):

Sr. No.	Title of Old Course (2022-23)	Title of New Course (2023-24)	
1.	CC-101: Fundamentals of Geomorphology CC-401: Applied Geomorphology	MT-101: Geomorphology	
2.	CC-102: Principles of Climatology	MT-102: Principles of Climatology	
3.	CC-103: Economic Geography	MT-103: Economic Geography	
4.	CC-104: Geography of Population and Human Resource Development	ET-101: Population Geography and Human Resource Development	
5.	DSE-304(1): Settlement Geography	ET-102: Settlement Geography	
6.	DSE-404(3): Geography of Health and Nutrition	ET-103: Geography of Health and Nutrition	
7.	305.1 Research Methodology and Geographical Excursion (2 Credit)	MP-101: Research Methodology in Geography	
8.	205.1 Computer Applications in Geography	MP-102: Computer Applications in Geography (2 Credit)	
9.	CCS-203: Advanced Cartography and Surveying	MT-204: Advanced Cartography and Surveying	
10.	CC-301: Applied Climatology and Climate Change	MT-205: Climate Change and Disaster Management	
11.	DSE-403(1): Fundamentals and Applications of GIS and GPS	ET-204: Fundamentals and Applications of GIS and GPS	
12.	DSE-403(2): Fundamentals of Soil Geography	ET-205: Fundamentals of Soil Geography	
13.	DSE-404(2): Tourism Geography	ET-206: Tourism Geography	
14.	405.2 Introduction to GIS Software and GPS	EP-201: Introduction to GIS Software and GPS	
15.	405.2 Soil and Water Analysis	EP-202: Soil and Water Analysis	
16.		EP-203: Practical in Tourism Geography	
17.	105.1 Practicals in Geomorphology and Surveying (1)	MP-203: Advanced Surveying (2 Credit)	
18.		FP-201: Field Project / JT-201: On Job Training (during vacation)	
19.	CC-202: Geohydrology and Oceanography	MT-306: Geohydrology and Oceanography	
20.	CCS-302: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing and DIP	MT-307: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing and DIP	
21.	DSE-303(2): Biogeography	ET-307: Biogeography	
22.	DSE-303(1): Geography of Environment	ET-308: Geography of Environment	
23.	DSE-304(3): Political Geography	ET-309: Political Geography	
24.	405.1: Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and DIP	MP-304: Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and DIP	
25.	205.2 Statistical Techniques in Geography	MP-305: Statistical Techniques in Geography (2 Credit)	
26.		RP-301: Research Project – I	
27	CCS-402: Regional Planning and Development	MT-408: Regional Planning and Development	
28	CC-201: Development of Modern Geographical Thought	MT-409: Development of Geographical Thought	
29	DSE-404(1): Agricultural Geography	ET-410: Agricultural Geography	
30		ET-411: Geography of Resources	
31	CCS-204: Social and Cultural Geography	ET412: Social and Cultural Geography	
32	105.1 Practicals in Geomorphology and Surveying (2) 105.2 Analysis of Climatic Data	EP-404: Geographical Data Representation Methods – Physical Geography	
33	105.3 Analysis of Socio-economic Data 205.3 Quantitative Techniques in Geography	EP-405: Geographical Data Representation Methods – Human Geography	
34	305.2 Dissertation/ Project – 6 Credits	RP-402: Research Project – II (Dissertation) (6 Credit)	
35	DSE-304(2): Geography of India		
	Δll new/revised courses are Λ credit courses unless mer		

[•] All new/ revised courses are 4 credit courses unless mentioned otherwise.

7. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs):

- 1. To enhance students' ability to apply their specialized knowledge in the geographical domain.
- 2. To develop employability skills and competencies to serve the job requirements in the society.
- 3. Inspire students to develop the abilities among them to offer services in the entrepreneurial environment.
- 4. To cultivate the interest among students to conduct research activities in the discipline of Geography.

8. Programme Outcomes (POs):

- 1. Students will have comprehensive knowledge in the discipline of Geography.
- 2. They will have ability of making comprehensive analysis, interpret spatial problems, and suggest proper solutions by using theoretical, methodological, and instrumental knowledge of Geography.
- 3. Good employability skills as per current need of the society to compete in the competitive world.
- 4. They will have good understanding about proper utilization of natural resources through geographical knowledge.
- 5. Aware about the regional and national environmental issues, recent trends, and technological advancements in the discipline of Geography.
- 6. Develop research interest to solve critical and emerging societal issues related to geography and the surrounding environment.

MT-101: Geomorphology

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the nature and scope of geomorphology and establish the relationship between the tectonism and geomorphology with the knowledge of interior of the Earth.
- 2. Look into the evolution of continents and ocean basins with continental drift theory.
- 3. Know the endogenetic and exogenetic forces controlling landform development with special reference to the denudation processes.
- 4. Verify the impact of dynamic agencies on denudation and their work.
- 5. Understand the cycle of erosion with different views with special reference to hill slope development.
- 6. See the application of geomorphology in the view of anthropogenic and environmental geomorphology.

Unit-1: Fundamentals 15 Lectures

Meaning nature and scope of geomorphology, Interior of the Earth, Earthquakes, Volcanoes and associated features, folding and faulting.

Unit-2: Concepts in Geomorphology

15 Lectures

Evolution of Continents and ocean basins, Continental Drift theory of Wegener, Theory of Plate Tectonics. Geosynclinals theory of Kobber, Theory of Isostasy

Unit-3: Factors controlling landform development

20 Lectures

Weathering, Erosion and Mass wasting. Landforms of Fluvial, Glacial, Coastal, Aeolian and Karst topography, Geographical Cycle of Davis, Hill Slope development, views of W.M. Davis, Walther Penck, Allen Wood and L.C. King.

Unit-4: Applied Geomorphology

10 Lectures

Anthropogenic Geomorphology, Environmental Geomorphology and recent trends in Geomorphology.

- 1. Allaby, Michael (2008): Oxford Dictionary of Earth Science, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 2. Bloom, A.L. (1991): Geomorphology, 2nd Ed Englewood Cliffs, M.J. Prentice Hall.
- 3. Chorley, R.J. Schumm, S.A. & Sugden, D.E. (1985): Geomorphology, Methuen & Co. Ltd., London, New York
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- 5. Briggs, K. (1985): Physical Geography Process and System, Hodder and Stoughton, London.
- 6. Christopherson, R.W. (1995): Elemental Geosystems: A Foundation in Physical Geography, Prentice Hall Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 7. Cook, R.U. & Doornkamp, J.C.(1974): Geomorphology in Environmental Management, an Introduction. Clarendon Press, Oxford.
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- 10. Hart, M.G. (1986): Geomorphology Pure and Applied, George Allen and Unwin, London.
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- 15. Robinson, Harry (1969): Morphology and Landscape, University Tutorial Press Ltd. London.
- 16. Singh, Savindra (1998): Geomorphology, Prayag Pustak Bhavan ,Allahabad.
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- 20. Thomas, M.F. (1974): Tropical Geomorphology, Macmillan, London.
- 21. Thornbury, W.D. (1969): Principles of Geomorphology, Wiley Easterrn Ltd. New Delhi.
- 22. Wadia, D.N. (1993): Geology of India, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi.
- 23. Worcester, P. G. (1948): Textbook of Geomorphology, Princeton, D.Van, Nortrand.

Websites:

- 1. https://education.nationalgeographic.org/resource/core/
- 2. https://pubs.usgs.gov/gip/interior/
- 3. https://earthobservatory.sg/earth-science-education/earth-science-faqs/geology-and-tectonics/why-is-the-interior-of-the-earth-hot
- 4. https://www.amnh.org/exhibitions/permanent/planet-earth/why-are-there-ocean-basins-continents-and-mountains/plate-tectonics/earthquakes-and-the-earth-s-internal-structure
- 5. https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/why-is-the-earths-core-so/
- 6. https://www.sciencesfp.com/uploads/2/1/5/9/21597828/unit 8 external geodynamics.pdf
- 7. https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/kegy206.pdf
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- 14. https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/geomorphology
- 15. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/314239593 Applied Geomorphology
- 16. https://www.nature.com/subjects/geomorphology

MT-102: Principles of Climatology

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Distinguish the weather and climate with an understanding of structure and composition of Atmosphere;
- 2. Understand the variations of weather systems in terms of Stability and Instability of atmosphere;
- 3. Enable the students to understand the vertical and horizontal distribution of atmospheric air;
- 4. Get complete information about Atmospheric Disturbances in terms of cyclones and anti-cyclones;
- 5. Understand the regional and seasonal variations of weather systems in India;
- 6. Know the significance of synoptic Climatology in pollution studies and navigation

Unit - 1: 15 Lectures

Introduction to Climatology: Significance of Climatology, Modern Climatological studies, Origin and evolution of the earth's atmosphere, Structure and Composition of Atmosphere, Insolation, Heat transfer-Radiation, Convection and conduction, Terrestrial heat balance.

Unit - 2: 15 Lectures

Moisture in the Atmosphere: Changes of state, Processes that cause changes of state, Humidity, Humidity measurements, Adiabatic temperature change in atmosphere, Stability and Instability of atmosphere, Condensation-Clouds and fogs, Precipitation - precipitation processes, types and forms.

Unit - 3: 15 Lectures

Motion in the Atmosphere: Air Pressure, Pressure measurement and distribution, Factors affecting wind, Pressure belts, Classification of Wind, Planetary winds, Monsoon and Local winds, Air Masses, Classification and modifications of Air Masses.

Unit - 4:

Atmospheric Disturbances: Fronts: Characteristics and types, Tropical Cyclones, Anticyclones, Thunderstorms, Tornadoes, Hurricanes, Water spouts; Weather forecasting and application of meteorological satellites with special reference to India. Application of Synoptic Climatology in pollution studies and navigation.

References:

Books & Reports:

- 1. Aguado, E., and Burt, J.E. (2013): Understanding Weather and Climate, Pearson, New York, 552pp.
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- 11. Mather J. R. (1975): Climatology: Fundamentals & Applications. Mc Graw Hills Book Co., New York.
- 12. Miller A., et. al. (1983); Elements of Meteorology, Merrill, Columbus.

- 13. Oliver J. E. (1973): Climate & Mans Environment, John Wiley & Sons; New York.
- 14. Robert V. Rohli, Anthony J. Vega, (2017): Climatology, Jones & Bartlett Learning; 4 edition, 418 pp.
- 15. Robinson, P. J., & Henderson-Sellers, A. (2014). Contemporary climatology. Routledge.
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- 18. **Vlado Spiridonov**, Mladjen Ćurić. (**2021**): Fundamentals of Meteorology, Springer Nature, Switzerland, pp 437.
- 19. Williams Sellers, (2014): Physical Climatology, New India Publishing Agency, 280 pp.

Journals:

Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society (https://journals.ametsoc.org/toc/bams/current)

Climate Dynamics (https://link.springer.com/journal/volumesAndIssues/382)

International journal of Climatology (https://rmets.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10970088)

Journal of Climate (https://journals.ametsoc.org/toc/clim/current)

Nature Climate Change (https://www.nature.com/nclimate/)

Weather and Climate Extremes (https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/weather-and-climate-extremes)

Mausam (http://metnet.imd.gov.in/imdmausam/)

MT-103: Economic Geography

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- Understand the concepts and basis of economic processes
- Get acquainted with theories and models in economic geography
- Get comprehensive knowledge of World energy resources, situation and distribution
- Know about the Nature, scope and Principles of Industrial Geography
- Understand transport and Trade policies of country
- Get detail knowledge of economic power determinants of country and able to analyze the economic development of country.

Unit-1: Basics of Economic Geography

15 Lectures

Nature and scope; Approaches to the study of economic geography; Basis of economic processes: Production, exchange & consumption, Classification and characteristics of economic activities. Demand, supply, elasticity, Determinants of national income, investment, inflation, unemployment, risk and uncertainty, long-term investment planning, Special Economic Zones.

Unit-2: Energy Resources

10 Lectures

Concept of resources, Classification of resources, Renewable & Non-renewable energy resources, World energy situation and distribution; Sources of Energy: Coal, Oil, Natural gas and Nuclear energy, OPEC-energy crisis.

Unit-3: Industrial Geography

15 Lectures

Nature and scope of Industrial Geography, Factors of Industrial Location, Principles of Industrial Location:

- Profit maximization, Least cost location- A. Weber & A. Losch- industrial location theories, Rostow's model, Industrial regionalization; World industries: locational patterns and problems; New industrial policies of India.

Unit-4: Transportation & Trade

20 Lectures

Modes of transportation, Road Network analysis, Accessibility, connectivity and Modern geospatial applications in road network, Interregional and Intraregional: Ullman's tried- Complementarily- Intervening Opportunity- Transferability, Trade Policy; Export processing zones, International Trade Characteristics, patterns of world trade, Regional Trade blocks EEC, EFTA, & WTO.

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- 2. Alexanderson G. (1988): Geography of manufacturing, Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.
- 3. Berry, Conkling & Ray (1988): Economic Geography Prentice Hall of India, New Jersey.
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- 8. Sinha B.N.(1971): Industrial geography of India
- 9. Watts H.D. (1987): Industrial Geography, Longman scientific and Technical, New York.
- 10. Haggett, Peter: Modern Synthesis in Geography.
- 11. Robinson H & Bamford C. G. (1978): Geography of Transport, Macdonald & Evans USA.
- 12. Misra R. P.: Regional Planning, concepts, New Delhi.
- 13. Jones & Darkenwald: Economic geography

ET-101: Population Geography and Human Resource Development

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, the students will develop an aptitude to:

- 1. Infer factors influencing population distribution and growth;
- 2. Compute and explore fertility, mortality and migration.
- 3. Analyse the population-resource regions and discover problems arising due to over and under population.
- 4. Understand and create awareness about provincial aspects of gender equity, status of women, social well-being and quality of life.
- 5. Acquire skill to describe regional patterns of population composition.
- 6. Obtain expertise to compute Human Development Index for micro, meso and macro regions.

Unit-1: Introduction 20 Lectures

Meaning, nature and scope of Population Geography; Population Geography and Demography; Sources of population data – Census, Sample surveys and vital statistics; Population dynamics: Population distribution and growth - measures, patterns and determinants with reference to World, India and States; Fertility, Mortality - Concepts; Indices, Trends and Determinants -India; Migration- Types, Determinants and consequences; Measures and methods of estimations.

Unit-2: Population Theories

10 Lectures

Theories of population: Malthus, Marx, Sadler, Demographic Transition Model; Migration theories: Ravenstein and Everette Lee; Epidemiological Transition.

Unit-3: Characteristics of population resource

10 Lectures

Characteristics of population composition and change: India and States – age, sex, rural-urban, occupational structure, and educational levels; Over, under & optimum population; Population resource regions of the world.

Unit-4: Human Development and Population Policies

20 Lectures

Human development Index: Concepts, Pillars, Approaches; Human development Patterns World & India, Gender Equity, Social well-being and quality of life; Status of women – social, economic and health; Population Policies in developed and developing nations, National Population Policy of India.

References:

Books & Reports:

- 1. **Barrett** H.R. (1992): Population Geography, Oliver and Boyd Longman House, Harlow.
- 2. Bogue, Donald. (1968): Principles of Demography, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York.
- 3. **Bhende** A., Kanitkar T. (2006): Principles of Population Studies, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay. 18th revised.
- 4. **Birdsell** N., Kelley A.C., Sinding S. (2003): Population Matters: Demographic Change, Economic Growth and Poverty in Developing Countries. Oxford University Press.
- 5. **Bruce** Newbold, K. (2010): Population Geography: Tools and Issues. Rowman& Littlefield Publishers, Inc., UK.
- 6. Clark, J. I. (1972): Population Geography. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- 7. Crispin J., Jegede J. (2000): Population, Resource and Development. Harpercollins Education; 2nd edition
- 8. Chandana, R.C. (1984): Geography of Population, Kalyani Publisher, Ludhiana.
- 9. Davis K. (1951): Population of India and Pakistan, Princeton University Press, Princeton.
- 10. Demeny Paul & McNicoll (eds) (2003): Encyclopedia of Population, Macmillan Reference, New York.

- 11. Dyson T. (2010): Population and Development: Demographic Transition. Zed Books Ltd.; 1st edition.
- 12. **Ehrlich**, P.R. and Ehrlich, A.H. (**1996**): Ecoscience: Population, Resources, Environment. 6th edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco.
- 13. Gould WTS. (2009): Population and Development: Perspective on Development. Routledge: 1st edition.
- 14. Newell C. (1990): Methods and Models in Demography. The Guilford Press; 1st edition.
- 15. Pacione M. (2011): Population Geography: Progress and Prospects. Routledge; Reissue edition.
- 16. **Peters** G.L., Larkin R.P. (2008): Population Geography: Problems, Concepts and Prospects. 9th edition. Dubuque, IA: Kendall Hunt Publishing.
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- 21. **Swanson** DA., Siegel JS. (2004): Methods and Materials of Demography. Emerald Group Publishing; 2nd edition.
- 22. Todaro MP, Smith S. (2011): Economic Development. 11th edition Printice Hall.
- 23. Weeks JR. (2004): Population: An Introduction to Concepts and Issues. Wadsworth Publishing; 9th edition.
- 24. UNDP (2022): Human Development Report, UN Pub.

Journals:

Demography: https://link.springer.com/journal/13524

International Migration Review: https://journals.sagepub.com/home/mrx
Journal of Population Research: https://link.springer.com/journal/12546

Population and Environment: https://link.springer.com/journal/11111

Population Bulletin: https://www.prb.org/population-bulletins/

Population Development Review: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/loi/17284457
Population, Space, and Place: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/15448452

Population Studies: https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/rpst20

Studies in Family Planning: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/17284465

The Professional Geographer: https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/rtpg20

Useful Websites:

Census of India: http://censusindia.gov.in/

National Commission for Women: http://ncwapps.nic.in/default.aspx

Population Council: https://www.popcouncil.org/

Population Division of United Nations: https://www.un.org/en/development/desa/population/index.asp

 $Population \ Reference \ Bureau: \underline{www.prb.org}$

The World Bank: www.worldbank.org

United Nations Development Program: http://hdr.undp.org/en/

ET-102: Settlement Geography

Course Outcomes (Cos): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Know the fundamentals of settlement geography
- 2. Understand the approaches to rural settlement geography; rural services; hierarchy; morphology etc.
- 3. Know the concept and processes of urban settlement studies; urban problem & their planning; concept smart cities, urban agriculture, etc.
- 4. Understand the theories and models of settlement geography to understand the structure of settlements.

Unit-1: Fundamentals of Settlement Geography

10 Lectures

Settlement Geography – The nature, scope and significance; origin and growth of rural and urban settlements; Definition and types of settlements; Site, situation and locational factors of settlements. Spacing, dispersion and localization. Characteristics of rural settlements.

Unit-2: Geography of Rural Settlements

15 Lectures

Introduction to rural settlement geography, Approaches to rural settlement geography; socio-economic structure of rural settlements; Rural-service centers-nature, hierarchy, service area and interaction; Indian villages-evolution and multiplicity, regional characteristics, Rural planning and integrated development in India.

Unit-3: Geography of Urban Settlements

20 Lectures

Introduction to urban settlement geography, Concept and processes of urbanization, suburbanization, Rural-urban fringe, urban sprawl, Functional classification of urban settlements; Conurbation, Size and spacing of cities- rank-size rule, law of primate city, urban hierarchies; Urban problems, Urban planning and challenges, Concept of smart city, Garden city movement, Urban agriculture.

Unit-4: Theories and Models in Settlement Geography

15 Lectures

Multiple nuclei model by Harris and Ullman; Central place theory by W. Christaller; Concentric zone model by E. W. Burgees; Sector model by Homer and Hoyt. Urban poverty, Slums: Characteristics, Planning. Master plans of towns.

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- 2. David, P., Hopkinson M. (1983): The Geography of Settlements, Oliver & Boyd; 2nd Revised edition.
- 3. Deniel, P. (2002): Geography of Settlements. Rawat Publications, Jaipur and New Delhi.
- 4. Gosh, S. (1998): Introduction to Settlement Geography. Orient Longman.
- 5. Haggett, Peter (1991): Geography-A Modern Synthesis, Harper & Row, New York.
- 6. Hornby, WF., Jones M. (1991): An Introduction to Settlement Geography. Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Johnston, J.H. (1974): Urban Geography, Pergoman Press, Oxford.
- 8. Johnston, R, J. (1984): City & Society. Unwin, London.
- 9. King, L.J., Golledge R.G. (1978): Cities, Space & Behavior, Prentice Hall, Engle wood cliff, New Jersey.
- 10. Mandal, R.B. (2000): Urban Geography, Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 11. Mayer, H.M., Cohen (1967): Readings in Urban Geography, Central Book Depot. Allahabad.
- 12. Mosely, M.J. (2005): Rural Development: Principles and Practice. Sage Publication, London.
- 13. Northamray, M. (1975): Urban Geography, John Willey & Sons, New York.
- 14. Pacione, M. (2009): Urban Geography-A Global Perspective. 3rd edition. Routledge, London.
- 15. Ramachandran, R. (1991): Urbanization and Urban Systems in India, Oxford Uni. Press. Delhi.
- 16. Robinson, Brian T. (1973): Urban growth, Mathuen& Company, London.

- 17. Rykwert, J. (2004): Settlements. University of Pennsylvania Press, University Park, USA.
- 18. Sidhartha, K. and Mukherjee, S. (2000): Cities-Urbanizations & Urban Systems. Kisalaya Pub. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 19. Singh, RY. (1994): Geography of Settlements. Rawat Publications. New Delhi, Jaipur.
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- 22. Singh, R. L. and Singh, Rana P. B. (eds.) (1978): Transformation of Rural Habitat in Indian Perspective, National Geographical Society of India, Varanasi, Pub. 19.
- 23. Singh, R.L. and Singh, Rana P.B., (eds.) (1979): Place of Small Towns in India. National Geographical Society of India, Varanasi.
- 24. Singh, R.L., Singh, K.N and Singh Rana P.B., (eds.) (1976): Geographic Dimensions of Rural Settlements. National Geographical Society of India, Varanasi.
- 25. Wood, M. (2005): Rural Geography: Processes, Responses and Experiences of Rural Restructuring. Sage Publication, London.
- 26. Yeates & Garner (1971): Readings in Urban Geography. The North American City. Harper & Row. New York
- 27. William F. Hornby, Melvyn Jones (1991): An Introduction to Settlement Geography, Cambridge University Press

ET-103: Geography of Health and Nutrition

Course outcome (COs): After completing the course, the students will develop an aptitude to:

- 1. Acquaint the students with the role of geographical factors, viz., physical, demographic, social and economic factors, influencing the spatial distribution of diseases;
- 2. Decipher the causes of the changing disease pattern;
- 3. Understand the WHO classification of diseases;
- 4. Get to know the food groups and food pyramid.
- 5. Highlight the relation of health with nutrition, environmental degradation and urbanization;
- 6. Be introduced with the classification and types of nutrients and their role in human body; and
- 7. Make the students abreast of existing health-care facilities, so as to train them with better health care planning for the country.

Unit-1: Geography of Health Introduction

10 Lectures

Nature, scope and significance; Geographical factors affecting human health with special reference to physical, social, economic, environmental and diseases arising from them.

Unit-2: Classification of Diseases

15 Lectures

Classification of diseases: genetic, communicable and non-communicable; occupational and nutritional deficiency diseases; WHO classification of diseases, Pattern of World distribution of major diseases; Epidemiological transition theory.

Unit-3: Human Ecology of Diseases and Human Nutrition

15 Lectures

Ecology, etiology and transmission of major diseases: cholera, malaria, tuberculosis, hepatitis, leprosy, cardiovascular, cancer, COVID-19, AIDS and STDS; Diffusion of diseases and its causes; Food groups: balanced diet, food pyramid; Classification and types of nutrients; macro and micro nutrients; Nutrients: role of nutrients in human body; nutrient deficiencies and requirements for Indians, Deficiency disorders and problems of micro and meso nutrients, mal-nutrition in India.

Unit-4: Health Care 20 Lectures

Health Care - International level, with special reference to WHO, UNICEF and National level, with special reference to Government and NGOs; Availability, accessibility and utilization of health care services; Primary health care; Inequalities in health care services in India; family welfare, immunization, national disease eradication, and Health for All programmes, Health care response to COVID-19.

- 1. **Brown et.al** eds (2010): A Companion to Health and Medical Geography, London, Blackwell.
- 2. Caballero Benjamin et. al 4th eds (2023): Encyclopedia of Human Nutrition, USA, Elsevier.
- 3. Cliff, A. and Haggett, P. (1989): Atlas of Disease Distribution. Basil Blackwell, Oxford.
- 4. Curtis, S and Taket, A. (1996): Health and Societies: Changing Perspectives, London, Arnold.
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- 6. **Eastwood, Martin (2003)**: Principles of Human Nutrition Oxford, Blackwell.
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- 16. May, J.M. (1970): The World Atlas of Diseases, Nat. Book Trust, New Delhi, 1970.
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- 21. Park, K. (2019): Preventive and Social Medicine, Bhanot Publishers. Jabalpur.
- 22. **Parr, H.** (2002): Medical geography: Diagnosing the body in medical and health geography, 1999 2000. Progress in Human Geography 26, 240 251.
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- 24. Phillps, D.R. (1990): Health and Health Care in the Third world. Longman, London, 1990.
- 25. Pyle G.F. (1979): Applied Medical Geography John Wiley Washington.
- 26. Rais, A. and Learmonth, A.T.A.: Geographical Aspects of Health and Diseases in India.
- 27. Shannon G.W. &Dever G.E.A. (1974): Health care Delivery McGraw Hill New York.
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- 30. Woods E.J. (1983): Social Geography of Medicine & health, CroonHelm London.
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Websites:

Global Nutritional Report: https://globalnutritionreport.org/reports/global-nutrition-report-2018/

National Digital Library of India: https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

National Health Programs, India: https://nhm.gov.in/

WHO International Classification of Diseases: https://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/

MP-101: Research Methodology in Geography

(Practical)

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing this course, the students will develop skill to:

- 1. Identify the objectives and significance of research in geography;
- 2. Prepare schedule and questionnaire in geography;
- 3. Collect data of physical and human elements;
- 4. Tabulate data, formulate research design and represent data by using most appropriate methods;
- 5. Effective writing, maintaining research ethics and academic integrity;
- 6. Write abstracts, thesis, project report and research papers

Unit-I: Research Methodology: An Introduction Exercise(s):

30 Hrs.

- 1-3: Definition, meaning, objectives and significance of research, approaches in research.
- 4: Defining research problem
- 5: Meaning and Need of research design
- 6-7: Sampling methods and sampling size
- 8: Concept of hypothesis

Unit-2: Data collection and Preparation

30 Hrs.

Exercise(s):

- 9-11: Data types, Data sources and data collection methods
- 12-13: Preparation of schedule & questionnaire
- 14-15: Concept of qualitative and quantitative analysis of data
- 16-17: Presentation and interpretation of data

Unit-3: Effective Research Writing

30 Hrs.

Exercise(s):

- 18-19: Literature review; writing styles and manuals
- 20-22: Writing of abstracts, project report and research papers
- 23-24: Referencing system, references, webliography, bibliography
- 25-26: Footnotes, glossary, appendices

Unit-4: Recent Trends in Geographical Research and Publication Exercise(s):

30 Hrs.

- 27-28: Recent trends in Physical and Human Geographical research
- 29-30: Applications of Computer, Remote Sensing and GIS in Geographical research
- 31-32: Publication metrics: h-index, g-index, i10index, altimetric, citation and measuring impact of research
- 33-34: Research publishers and Open access publishing: Journal finders Elsevier, Springer
- 35-36: Research ethics in publication, Predatory publishers & journals

- 1. Ahuja, R. (2001): Research Methods, Rawat, New Delhi.
- 2. Bhattacharyya, D. K. (2005): Research Methodology, Excel Books, New Delhi.
- 3. Bryman, Allan (2008): Social research methods Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 4. **Dautherty**, R (**1969**): Science in Geography Data Collection (2) 2. Board, Christopher (Ed) (1969): Progress in Geography Volume 1-8. Edward, Oxford.
- 5. **Davis,** P (1969): Science in Geography (3) Data description and presentation
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- 8. **Flowerdew**, R. and Martin, D. (2005): *Methods in Human Geography: A Guide for Students Doing a Research Project*, Prentice Hall, Harlow.

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Useful Web Resources:

Elsevier Journals: https://www.elsevier.com
Google Scholar: https://scholar.google.co.in/

Web of Science: https://clarivate.com/products/web-of-science/

Scopus: https://www.scopus.com/home.uri

JSTOR: https://www.jstor.org/

Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ): https://doaj.org/

Science Open: https://www.scienceopen.com/

Microsoft Academic: https://academic.microsoft.com/home

MP-102: Computer Applications in Geography

(Practical)

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Learn the representation of geographic data using various computational methods;
- 2. Develop writing, editing, and presentation skill for representation of geographical information;
- 3. Compute statistical parameters with the help of computer;
- 4. Prepare and design maps and graphs with the help of computer software;
- 5. Apply computational techniques relevant in the discipline of Geography;
- 6. Know about sources and uses of online educational resources and e-learning methods;

Unit-1: Computer hardware and software; Writing / formatting of texts, graphs, tables, and references using MS word; Preparation of power point presentation using MS power point; Use of MS excel; Presentation and analysis of geographic data using graphs, charts, maps with the help of computer.

35 Hrs.

Practical Exercise(s):

- 1: Demonstration of computer hardware, useful software and their uses.
- 2: Writing / formatting of text paragraphs.
- 3: Inserting, creating, and editing of text box, smart art, pictures and graphs.
- 4: Construction and editing of tables.
- 5: Reference writing styles using MS word with examples.
- 6: Preparation of MS power point presentation.
- 7: Data management using MS Excel.
- 8-12: Presentation and analysis of geographic data using MS Excel preparation of graphs/charts (bar graph, line graph, pie diagram, scatter diagram and trend line).
- 13: Map editing and labeling.

Unit-2: Computer, email and password security; Online data storage and management using online storage facilities; Preparation and editing of google forms; Browsing of online educational resources; E-learning.

25 Hrs.

Practical Exercise(s):

- 14: Computer, email and password security.
- 15: Storing and retrieving of data/ documents using online data storage facilities (Google Drive, OneDrive etc.).
- 16: Preparation of online questionnaire / online survey through google forms.
- 17: Identification, browsing, and storing of online educational resources.
- 18: Comprehensive browsing and listing of useful geographical websites.
- 19: E-learning objectives, methods, and listing of open online e-learning websites.
- 20-21: E-learning through e-content and open online courses: e-PG Pathshala, digital library, MOOCS SWAYAM.

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- 2. **Easttom C. (2020)**: Computer Security Fundamentals, Pearson, 623pp.
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MT-201: Advanced Cartography and Surveying

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand basic principles of cartography and surveying
- 2. Gain understandings of various cartographic methods and techniques
- 3. Acquaint with the skills of digital cartography
- 4. Identify sources and types of errors occurs during surveying
- 5. Get familiar with the basic aspects of linear, vertical and angular measurements of surveying.

Unit - 1: Fundamentals of Cartography

15 Lectures

Definition, nature and scope of cartography, Basics of geodesy, Scale- definition, types & importance, Concept of datum- vertical and horizontal, Co-ordinate systems- geographical and projected, Map-definition, types and significance, Cartographic methods and techniques for representation of data.

Unit - 2: Digital Cartography

20 Lectures

Introduction to digital cartography, Manual cartography vs. Digital cartography, Cartographic data and its sources, Cartographic database, Design principles of cartography, Map design, Symbolization, Visualization and generalization, Digital cartography- hardware and software, Advantages and disadvantages, Applications of digital cartography.

Unit - 3: Fundamentals of Surveying

10 Lectures

Definition, classification and principles of surveying, Nature of surveying work- field work and office work, Sources and types of errors, Precision and accuracy, Units of measurements.

Unit - 4: Surveying Measurements

15 Lectures

Linear measurement-types of ranging, Methods-approximate, direct, optical and electronic, Errors and applications, Angular measurement-types of measured angles, Compass, Meridian, Bearings and azimuths, Errors, Corrections and precautions, Vertical measurement-types and methods of leveling, Contouring-definition, characteristics, methods and interpolation.

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MT-202: Climate Change and Disaster Management

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Recognize the importance of climate on human life;
- 2. Identify and categorize climate types and climatic regions of the world;
- 3. Get comprehensive knowledge about causes and impacts of atmospheric pollution, GHGs emission, ozone layer depletion, acid rain and el-nino;
- 4. Know about the history, recent trends, impacts and dynamics of climate change on earth;
- 5. Assess future risks of climate change and the adaptation and mitigation options;
- 6. Understand causes, consequences and vulnerabilities of various natural and man-made disasters;
- 7. Plan for prevention, preparation and mitigation of disasters;

Unit - 1: Global Climate Change Issues and Impacts

24 Lectures

History and relevance of climate change studies; Role and impact of climate on human being and environment; Global climatic regions; Climatic classification of Koppen and Thornthwaite; World pattern of temperature and precipitation; Causes, impacts and society's response to change in air quality and atmospheric pollution; Causes and impacts of greenhouse gas (GHGs) emission, ozone layer depletion, acid rain; El-nino and southern oscillation (ENSO).

Unit - 2: Paleoclimatology and Climate Change Observations

14 Lectures

Paleoclimatology - climate dynamics and water balance with reference to evolution of the earth systems; General overview of the climate change – observed changes and its impacts; Recent trends of climate change and its impact on natural and human subsystems; Significant climate anomalies and extreme weather events; Future climate changes – risks and impacts; Adaptation and mitigation options of climate change.

Unit - 3: Natural Hazards and Disasters

12 Lectures

Meaning and types of hazards and disasters; Causes and impacts of natural and man-made disasters (earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslides, avalanches, cyclones, floods, droughts, tsunamis, forest fire, nuclear, biological and chemical disasters); Disaster exposure and vulnerabilities in Maharashtra, India and the world.

Unit - 4: Disaster Management

10 Lectures

Prevention and mitigation of disasters; Disaster preparedness and response plan; Disaster management cycle; Administration and multiple stakeholders' response to disaster management; Disaster management acts and regulations; Use of modern technologies for disaster management.

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Global Environmental Change (https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/global-environmental-change)

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Nature Climate Change (https://www.nature.com/nclimate/)

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Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change: https://www.ipcc.ch/

NASA-Climate Change and Global Warming: https://climate.nasa.gov/

NCDC-NOAA: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/sotc/

World Meteorological Organization: https://public.wmo.int/en

ET-201: Fundamentals and Applications of GIS and GPS

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of Geographical Information System and GPS.
- 2. Know various applications of GIS and GPS in various fields.
- 3. Familiar with modern techniques of geography.
- 4. Apply these skills in professional careers.

Unit 1: Introduction to GIS

20 Lectures

Definition of GIS, History and development of GIS, Components and Future of GIS, Types of Geographic data; Raster and Vector data model; Spatial data input: Digitization and Conversion; Point, line and polygon; Concept of Arc, node and vertices; Digitization errors; Topology and topological relationship.

Unit 2: GIS Analysis 12 Lectures

Spatial analysis: Overlay and Buffer Analysis, Interpolation techniques in GIS; Network analysis; Terrain analysis: DEM, DTM and TIN; Data quality issues; Database Management system (DBMS); Types of attribute data, Relational Model, Normalization and SQL.

Unit 3: Introduction to GPS

12 Lectures

Introduction to GPS; types of GPS System; Space, Control and User Segment; GPS satellite; Working principle of GPS; Source of GPS errors; Differential GPS; GNSS & GIS Integration, Applications of GPS.

Unit 4: Applications of Geospatial Technology

16 Lectures

Geospatial Technology in Urban and Regional planning, Water resource management, Soil resource Management, Agricultural Management, Forestry and Environment, Land use/ and Land cover mapping, Natural hazards assessment.

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Agricultural Water Management
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Websites:

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ET-202: Fundamentals of Soil Geography

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts and principles of soil formation.
- 2. Study the role of essential nutrient for plant growth and development.
- 3. Determine the physical and chemical properties of soils.
- 4. Enable the students to realize the Soil and environmental problems;
- 5. Know the significance of soil conservation and methods of Soil reclamation.

Unit-1: 15 Lectures

Introduction to soil geography: Concepts and definitions, Process of origin of soil, pedogenesis, soil profile and categories of soil taxonomy-major groups. Soil forming processes and factors, Weathering and soils, Soil as a medium for plant growth, Managing Soil Health: Concepts and Practices, Essential nutrient elements, Plant roots and soil relations. Soil fertility and soil productivity.

Unit-2: 15 Lectures

Physical properties of soil: Soil morphology, Soil texture, Soil Structure; Genesis and Types of structure, Soil consistence, Soil:- moisture, colour, porosity and permeability; Regulation of Air and Water in Soil; Management Practices to Improve Soil Health, Effects of tillage on structure and porosity.

Unit-3: 15 Lectures

Chemical properties of soil: Organic soils and Mineral soils, Chemical composition of soils, Ion exchange, Cation exchange, Determination of soil pH, Management of soil pH, Soil clays, humus, Soil organic matter, and NPK.

Unit-4: 15 Lectures

Soil and environmental problems: Classification of tropical soils, Soil erosion, Universal soil loss equation (USLE), Nature and management of saline and sodic soils. Trace metals, Soil Contamination, Micronutrients and Toxic Elements in soils: Iron, manganese, Copper and zinc. Conservation of soil, Methods of Soil reclamation.

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Research Journals:

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International Journal of Sediment Research (https://www.journals.elsevier.com/international-journal-of-sediment-research)

ET-203: Tourism Geography

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts and components in tourism geography
- 2. Know about importance of geography in tourism.
- 3. Know about pattern & tourism in the world and impact of globalization
- 4. Understand different elements of marketing in tourism
- 5. Understand tour and travel agency
- 6. Get detail knowledge about planning process in tourism
- 7. Analyse the growth and development of tourism in India.

Unit-1: 15 lectures

Concept of Tourism, nature, scope and importance of tourism. Definition of Traveller – Tourist - Excursionist –Tourism - Basic Components of Tourism - Attraction, Geographical approach in tourism. Multidisciplinary approach. Accommodation, Amenities, Accessibility and Awareness. Types and forms of tourism, Types of accommodation and transportation. Physical, socio cultural and economical impact of tourism.

Unit-2: 15 lectures

Geography: Meaning, features, branches, and relationship with tourism. Climatic regions of the world, latitude & longitude lines, time zones, international date line, Indian standard time. Importance of Geography in Tourism, Impacts of physiography, Climate and Weather on tourist destination. Geographical patterns of tourism and the tourism characteristics of selected world regions.

Unit-3: 15 lectures

Marketing of tourism, STP, Marketing Mix, Tourism Product. Meaning of tour and travel agency. Types of travel agency. Types of tour operator. Characteristics of tour and travel agency. History and development of tourism in world. Different Tourism Systems- Leiper's Geospatial Model, Mill-Morrison, Mathieson & Wall, Butler's Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) - Doxey's Index – Demonstration Effect – Crompton's Push and Pull Theory, Stanley Plog's Allo-centric and Psycho-centric Model of Destination Preferences, Tourism Area life cycle(TALC)

Unit-4: 15 lectures

Planning for tourism development. Tourism in India – resources for tourism in India. Growth and development of tourism in India. Problems of tourism in India. Tourism planning in India. Tourism development in Maharashtra.

- 1. Robinson H. (1976): A Geography of Tourism. Mac Donald and Evans Ltd; London
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(Practical)

EP-201: Introduction to GIS Software and GPS

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Familiarize with QGIS software and tools.
- 2. Apply Comprehensive knowledge of GIS software and GPS for analysis of geographical data and to solve real world problems
- 3. Understand the role of GIS as decision support system and to develop various model for GIS spatial analysis.
- 4. Examine the various functions of GPS for surveying and mapping.
- 5. Develop practical skills in spatial data acquisition, management, and analysis.
- 6. Learn to create and visualize maps using GIS techniques.

Unit-1: Introduction to QGIS

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 1: Interface of QGIS
- Exercise 2: Working with Projections
- Exercise 3: Online GIS Data Sources

Unit-2: Basics of QGIS

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 4: Georeferencing: Toposheet & Image Registration
- Exercise 5: Digitization of Map Data
- Exercise 6: Working with WMS Data
- Exercise 7: Working with Google Earth
- Exercise 8: Making a Map Layout

Unit-3: Data Exploration

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 9: Data query: Spatial and Attribute
- Exercise 10: Animating Time Series Data
- Exercise 11: Interpolating Point Data
- Exercise 12: Travel Time Analysis with Traffic Movement
- Exercise 13: Service Area Analysis using Open Route Service

Unit-4: Introduction to GPS instrument

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 14: GPS instrument
- Exercise 15: Basic functions
- Exercise 16: GPS surveying: Setting of GPS coordinates, Waypoints demarcation, Area Calculation through GPS, Navigation by Mobile GPS application.
- Exercise 17: Transfer of data in GIS software

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https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/about-arcgis/overview

http://downloads.esri.com/support/documentation/ao_/698What_is_ArcGis.p

https://academy.autodesk.com/explore-and-learn

 $http://downloads.esri.com/support/documentation/ao_/698What_is_ArcGis$

(Practical)

EP-202: Soil and Water Analysis

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Know about the soil sample collection during the soil survey/ field work.
- 2. Analyse the physical properties of soils.
- 3. Analyse the chemical properties of soils
- 4. Determine the physical and chemical properties of water samples.

Unit-1: Soil Survey 20 Hrs.

- Exercise 1: Field sample collection and preparation.
- Exercise 2: Site selection and geomorphic considerations.
- Exercise 3: Equipment/tools and reagents.
- Exercise 4: Field assessment: saline soils with soluble salts and high pH soils.
- Exercise 5: Laboratory sample collection and preparation.
- Exercise 6: Field-Moist preparation and Air-Dry preparation.

Unit-2: Physical Analyses of Soil

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 7: Soil Profile, and Analysis of Soil morphology.
- Exercise 8: Analysis of Soil colour.
- Exercise 9-10: Analysis of soil Structure and Consistence.
- Exercise 11-12: Particle-size distribution analysis.
- Exercise 13: Determine soil textural classes using Hydrometer.
- Exercise 14: Determine soil textural classes using Sieves and shakers.

. Unit-3: Chemical Extractions and Analysis of Soil

40 Hrs.

- Exercise 15: Digestion Methods For Elemental Analysis.
- Exercise 16: Digestion Method: Nitric-Perchloric acids.
- Exercise 17: Digestion Method: Nitric-acid.
- Exercise 18: Digestion Method: A mixture of Nitric-hydrochloric acids HNO3-HCl in a ratio 1:3.
- Exercise 19: Determination of soil pH.
- Exercise 20: Determination of soil Salinity.
- Exercise 21: Soil Salinity analysis using Chlorinity Titration.
- Exercise 22: Measurement of electrical conductivity (EC).
- Exercise 23-24: Determination of Organic matter and Calcium carbonate.
- Exercise 25-26: Determination of sodium, calcium and magnesium.

Unit-4: Analysis of Water Samples

30 Hrs.

- Exercise 27: Determination of pH.
- Exercise 28: Determination of electrical conductivity.
- Exercise 29-30: Determination of turbidity.
- Exercise 31-32: Determination of salinity.
- Exercise 33: Determination of Carbonates
- Exercise 34: Determination of Bicarbonates.

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 $\frac{https://www.biotechnologynotes.com/soil/estimation-of-organic-carbon-and-calcium-carbonate-soil-analysis/1592}{analysis/1592}$

(Practical)

EP-203: Practical in Tourism Geography

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. To educated students in map reading for tourism activities.
- 2. To Make them expertise in tour management
- 3. To make them expertise in travel management
- 4. To create awareness about use of computer and internet for tourism and travel business.

Exercise(s):

Unit-1: Map Reading

25 Hrs.

- 1. Scale of the Map and Measurement of the Distance on Map; Understanding Contour Maps;
- 2. Map Reading with respect to Transport connectivity (road, rail, air and water) in International Context.
- 3. Location of Greenwich Mean Time and International Date Line on World Map; Calculation of Time Difference.

Unit-2: Function of Travel and Tour Agencies Collection

35 Hrs.

- 1. Dissemination of Travel Information,
- 2. Travel Documentation, Passport, Visa, Ticketing.
- 3. Preparation of Itineraries, Planning and
- 4. Costing of Tours,
- 5. Ticketing,
- 6. Product Promotion and other Miscellaneous work
- 7. Types of Tour Itineraries
- 8. Organizational Structure of a Standard Travel Agency

Unit-3: Functions of Tour Operators

30 Hrs.

- 9. Assembling, Processing and dissemination of information;
- 10. Liaisoning with Principals;
- 11. Preparation of Tour Itineraries and Pricing of Tour Package;
- 12. Pre-tour-arrangements;
- 13. Tour Operation and Post-tour Management.
- 14. Components of Standard Tour Packages.

Unit-4: Computer Application in Tourism

30 Hrs.

- 15. Ticketing,
- 16. Hotel booking and other services,
- 17. Promotion,
- 18. Websites, and apps.
- 19. Car hiring.
- 20. Search of services.
- 21. Sales promotion.
- 22. SWOT analysis.

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- 2. D.R Khullar, (2018) India A comprehensive Geography, 1 st Edition, Kalyani Publications, Chennai.
- 3. Jane Archer, Gwenda Syratt (2021): Manual of Travel Agency Practice (3rd ed.)

(Practical)

MP-203: Advanced Surveying

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Familiar with various advance surveying methodologies
- 2. Develop practical skills as well as organisational and interpersonal abilities
- 3. Perform survey using advanced surveying instruments like theodolite, total station, DGPS and drone
- 4. Create a map based on a survey

Practical Exercise(s):

Unit-I: 30 Hrs.

Introduction to Levelling,

- 1. Concept and Mechanism.
- 2. Types of levelling instrument.
- 3. Dumpy level- parts of instrument- temporary and permanent adjustment.
- 4. Measurement, survey data collection and processing.
- 5. Preparation of contour map.

Introduction to Theodolite

- 6. Concept and mechanism.
- 7. Types of theodolite.
- 8. Components of theodolite, temporary and permanent adjustment.
- 9. Survey data collection, processing and mapping.

Unit-II: 30 Hrs.

Introduction to Total station

- 10. Concept and mechanism.
- 11. Components of total station, adjustment and setting of instrument.
- 12. Survey data collection, processing and mapping.

Introduction to Differential GPS (DGPS)

- 13. Concept and mechanism.
- 14. Components of DGPS, adjustment and setting of instrument.
- 15. Survey data collection, processing and mapping.

Introduction to Drone surveying

- 16. Concept and mechanism.
- 17. Field planning, data collection, processing and mapping.

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- 2. Basak, N.N.(2017) Surveying and Levelling, Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi
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- 7. Ghilani, C.D.(2018) Elementary Surveying: An introduction to Geomatics, Prentice Hall, Pearson. 15th Ed
- 8. Ghosh, J.K.(2010) Elementary Engineering Surveying, Studium Press, New Delhi.
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- 12. Punmia, B. C. (2002) Text book of Surveying, Vol I, II and III, Laxmi Publications Ltd
- 13. Roy, S. K. (2010). Fundamentals of surveying. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 14. Subramanian, R.(2012) Surveying & Levelling, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 15. W. Schofield and M. Breach(2007) Engineering Surveying, 6th Edn., CRC Press

(Project)

FP-201: Field Project

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Carry out field project on their own;
- 2. Formulate project design and methodologies;
- 3. Organize and carry out field visits, collect field data and/or conduct review of literature;
- 4. Effective writing and dissemination of project output having scientific and/or social relevance.

Duration: One month during vacation

Topic: Project topic should be related to finding, reporting and/or disseminating geographical knowledge having scientific and/or social relevance.

Total Contact Hours: 120 Hrs.

Note (s):

- 1. Field project is applicable only to those students who are unable to find placement for on job training.
- 2. They have to work under the guidance of a supervisor to carry out the field project.
- 3. Students are expected to carry out field work and use primary data, analyse it and prepare / submit the project report for evaluation.
- 4. They are also expected to make a presentation on the project work details.

(Project)

OJT-201: On Job Training

Course Outcomes (COs): After completing the course, students will be able to

- 1. Improve their professional skills related to their employability;
- 2. Effectively manage the assigned workload and complete given tusk;
- 3. Learn new concept and improve their knowledgebase;
- 4. Do team work and manage on job practical difficulties.

Duration: One month during vacation

Joining Report of On Job Training: Students are expected to join for their on job training with prior intimation to the department. They are expected to carry out work under the guidance of job supervisor.

On Job Training Placement: Students can join any institution/ corporation/ industry as per their choice but within the scope of the subject area.

Total Contact Hours: 120 Hrs.

Note (s):

- 1. Students need to submit report of their work in prescribed format.
- 2. Internal assessment while on job training will be done by the job supervisor and need to be forwarded to the Department/ University.