Seat Total No. of Pages : 12

Ph.D. Entrance Examination 2025 LAW

Subject Code: 58742

Day and Date: Tuesday, 09/09/2025 Total Marks: 100

Time: 04.00 pm to 06.00 pm

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Each question carries 2 mark.
- 3) Answers should be marked in the given OMR answer sheet by darkening the appropriate option.
- 4) Follow the instructions given on OMR sheet.
- 5) Rough work shall be done on the sheet provided at the end of question paper.
- 6) Only non-programmable calculator are allowed in the Exam Hall.

SECTION-I (Research Methodology)

- 1) A Research is a process of:
 - a) Searching a thing again and again
 - b) To find out solution to the given problem
 - c) Doing a scientific way of research to find out the truth of any given problem
 - d) None of the above
- 2) Which one of the following is the first step in a particular research work?
 - a) Going into the deep study of sources to find out a particular research problem.
 - b) Review of relevant literature
 - c) Identification of the problem
 - d) Searching for the recommendations to the problem

3)	Which one of the following is the main aim of the interdisciplinary research?		
	a) To generalize the given problem of a research		
	b) To bring out the holistic approach to research		
	c) To introduce a new and innovative t	rend in research methods	
	d) To reduce the emphasis on a single subject in the research domain		
4)	Which is the crucial role of research in education?		
	a) To improve once status in the society		
	b) To get better job opportunities		
	c) To help in once personal growth		
	d) To help to become a famous educati	onalist	
5)) Which of the following methodology is being used in empirical researche		
	a) Inductive Method	b) Deductive Method	
	c) Initiative Method	d) Scientific Method	
6) Who said that the "Deduction and Induction are a part of system of reas		ction are a part of system of reasoning"?	
	a) Caroline	b) P. V. Young	
	c) Emory	d) Dewey John	
7)	7) We required to carry out the review of available literature in order to:		
	a Make sure one can have a long list of references		
b) Because without it, one could never reach the required word		reach the required word-count	
	c) Find out what is already known about our area of interest		
	d) Help in our general studying		

8)	In the research process 'Formulation of Hypothesis" is followed by:	
	a) Statement of Objectives	
	b) Analysis of Data	
	c) Selection of Research Tools	
	d) Collection of Data	
9)	In which of the following cases formulation of hypothesis is not necessary?	
	a) Historical studies	b) Experimental studies
	c) Normative studies	d) Survey studies
10)) Name the author of the book "Methods in Social Research":	
	a) C. R. Kothari	b) Goode & Hart
	c) Kerlinger	d) Wilkinson
11)	The main aim of a survey is to:	
	a) Evaluate the research	
	b) Measurement of research values	
	c) Provide information for a research work	
	d) To describe the research	
12)	Which of the following is the example of Primary Data?	
	a) Research Journals	b) Books
	c) Census Report	d) Newspapers
13)) Which is the possible unit of analysis in a research?	
	a) An employee	b) A Sales region
	c) A zip code area	d) All of the above

14)	What kind of Hypothesis states that there is no relationship between the variables?	
	a) Null Hypothesis	b) Directional Hypothesis
	c) Alternative Hypothesis	d) Non-directional Hypothesis
15)	Why do we need to test the Hypothesis	s?
	a) To see whether the Hypothesis is tru	ue or not
	b) To collect the data from participants	5
	c) To determine the statistical significa	nce of research findings
	d) To prepare the research report	
16)	Which type of Data Analysis involves unumerical data?	using statistical techniques to analyse
	a) Qualitative data analysis	
	b) Quantitative data analysis	
	c) Content analysis	
	d) Thematic analysis	
17)	Which of the following is a commonly	used statistical software programme?
	a) MS word	b) SPSS
	c) Adobe Photoshop	d) Google docs
18)) What is the advantages of using statistical software is data analysis?	
	a) It eliminates the need for critical thinking and interpretation	
	b) It automates calculations and simplifies complex analysis	
	c) It guarantees accurate and unbiased results	
	d) It replaces the need for research des	sign and methodology

19)	What does it mean when research findings are statistically significant?		
	a) The results are important and meaningful		
b) The results are likely due to chance			
	c) The results are unlikely due to chance	e and support the research hypothesis	
	thesis is true		
20)	0) Which section of the research report interprets the research findings a discusses their implications?		
	a) Introduction	b) Results	
	c) Discussion	d) Conclusion	
21)	Which of the following is not a compor	nent of an APA style reference?	
	a) Author's name	b) Publication date	
	c) Title of the work	d) Author's affiliation	
22)	22) Which of the following is the ethical consideration that should be addre is a research proposal?		
a) Obtaining informed consent from participants			
b) Protecting confidentiality of participants data		oants data	
	c) Minimising potential harm to participants		
	d) All of the above		
23) How is Artificial Intelligence (AI) is being used in research?		ing used in research?	
	a) To automate data collection and analysis		
	b) To develop predictive models and simulations		
	c) To assist in literature reviews and knowledge discovery		
	d) All of the above		

- **PD-22** 24) What is plagiarism? a) Presenting someone else's work as your own b) Protecting the privacy of research participants c) Obtaining informed consent from participants d) Minimising harm to research participants 25) Which of the following is an example of Al in research? a) Machine learning algorithms for data analysis b) Natural language processing for text mining c) Robotics for conducting experiments d) All of the above **SECTION-II** (Titles of Papers of LL.M. Programme) 26) An agreement, which is enforceable by law at the option of other or others, is: a) A contract b) A voidable contract
- 27) Where a minor has entered into a contract for purchase of necessary items. In such cases:

d) A void contract

- a) The minor is not personally liable.
- b) Minor's estates are liable to make good.
- c) Minor's guardian is liable.

c) Void

d) The minor is personally liable

28)	According to the Indian Contract Act, 1872, right in rem means:	
	a) A right available against the whole world	
b) A right available against a particular individual		
	c) A right available against a Governme	ent
	d) None of the above	
29)	9) The value of a firm is usually based on:	
	a) The value of debt and equity	b) The value of equity
	c) The value of debt	d) The value of assets plus liabilities
30)) The Shareholders wealth increases with the increase in:	
	a) EPS	
	b) Market value of the firm	
	c) Dividend & market value of the firm	
	d) Market price of the equity share	
31)) The thing on which the right is to be exercised is known as the of righ	
	a) Subject	b) Object
	c) Content	d) None of the above
32)	Legal Realism was analysed in US by:	
	a) Salmond	b) Holmes
	c) Austin	d) Grotius
33)	Codification is a process of transforma	tion of corpus juris into:
	a) Precedent	b) Executed Law
	c) Enacted Law	d) None of the above

34)	The custom which itself possesses the force of law is called:	
	a) Legal custom	b) Conventional custom
	c) Local Custom	d) None of the above
35)	Natural Law means:	
	a) Principles of common law	
	b) Principles of Constitutional Law	
	c) Principles of municipal law	
	d) Principles of natural justice	
36)	How many articles does the Universal	Declaration of Human Rights contain?
	a) 25	b) 30
	c) 35	d) 50
37)) After the WWII has taken several measures to protect the human rights	
	a) UNO	b) Supreme Court
	c) International Court of Justice	d) None of the above
38)	8) The UNO declared as the international year of women:	
	a) 1975	b) 1978
	c) 1972	d) None of the above
39)	The first international workshop on National Institute for the promotion and protection of Human Rights was held in:	
	a) Paris in October, 1993	
	b) Geneva in October, 1993	
	c) Vienna in December, 1994	
	d) New York in December, 1994	

40)	The Human Rights Commission in States are established under:		
	a) Constitution of India		
	b) Protection of Human Rights Act		
	c) State Protection of Human Rights		
	d) The United Nations (Privileges and Immunities)		
41)	Consider the following statements with reference to the election symbols:		
	1. Election Commission can decide disputes among rival groups or sections of a recognised political party staking claim to its name and symbol.		
	2. Election Commission is the only authority to decide issues on election symbol under the Election Symbols (Reservation and Allotment) Order, 1968, Which of the statement is/are correct?		
	a) 1 only	b) 2 only	
	c) Both 1 & 2	d) None of the above	
42)	The 10 th Schedule to the Constitution is:		
	a) Provisions regarding validation of certain Acts and Regulations.		
	b) Provisions regarding disqualification on ground of defection		
	c) Provisions regarding the Administration and Control of Scheduled Areas and Schedules		
	d) None of the above		
43)	How many seats in Lok Sabha are reserved Scheduled Tribes?		
	a) 47	b) 29	
	c) 34	d) 17	

44)	The concept of Directive Principles has been borrowed from:	
	a) Irish Constitution	b) Canadian Constitution
	c) Russian Constitution	d) American Constitution
45)	Which part of the Constitution of India Constitution?	has been described as the Soul of the
	a) Fundamental Rights	
	b) Directive Principles of State Policy	
	c) Preamble	
	d) Right to Constitutional Remedies	
46)	The word Penology is derived from the	Latin wordmeaning "punishment":
	a) poena	b) penea
	c) penal	d) penalogia
47)) Emanuel Kant was one of the supporter of	
	a) Retributive theory of punishment	
	b) Preventive theory of punishment	
	c) The theory of expiation	
	d) Reformative theory	
48)	Reformative theory is praised for its co	ontribution like:
	a) Rehabilitation of inmates in peno-co	orrectional institutions
	b) Transforming inmates into law-abid	ling citizens
	c) Humane treatment of inmates	
	d) All of the above	

- 49) The term comparative Criminology is the study of:
 - a) The causes and correlates of crime in two or more cultures
 - b) Why crime occurs in different forms in one country as compared to another
 - c) Why crime occurs at different levels in one country as compared to another
 - d) All of the above
- 50) What are the basic functions of criminal justice system?
 - a) Policing

b) Adjudication

c) Corrections

d) All of the above

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-- ROUGH WORK --