

Seat No.	
-------------	--

M.Phil./Ph.D. Entrance Examination, October - 2021**LAW****Code :- 58742****Day and Date : Thursday, 28 - 10 - 2021****Total Marks : 100****Time : 1.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m.**

- Instructions :**
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Each question carries 2 marks.
 - 3) Answers should be marked in the given OMR answer sheet by darkening the appropriate option.
 - 4) Use black ball point pen only for marking the circle. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR Answer Sheet.
 - 5) Follow the instructions given on OMR Sheet.
 - 6) Rough work shall be done on the sheet provided at the end of question paper.
 - 7) Only non programmable calculators are allowed.

SECTION - I**(Research Methodology)**

- 1) What is the main role of research in education?
 - A) To improve one's social status
 - B) To intensify one's job prospects
 - C) To augment one's personal growth
 - D) To help an applicant in becoming a renowned educationalist
- 2) In order to pursue the research, which of the following is essentially required?
 - A) Developing a research design
 - B) Formulating a research question
 - C) Deciding about the data analysis procedure
 - D) Formulating a research hypothesis
- 3) Which of the following options are the main tasks of research in modern society
 - A) To learn new things
 - B) To keep pace with the advancement in knowledge
 - C) To systematically examine and critically analyze the investigations/sources with the objective
 - D) All of the above

P.T.O.

- 4) What is the main aim of interdisciplinary research?
 - A) To over simplify the problem of research
 - B) To bring out the holistic approach to research
 - C) To create a new trend in research methodology
 - D) To reduce the emphasis on a single subject in the research domain
- 5) Who can successfully conduct Research?
 - A) Someone who is a hard worker
 - B) Possesses post-graduation degree
 - C) Has studied research methodology
 - D) Possesses thinking and reasoning ability
- 6) Research problem is selected from the standpoint of-
 - A) Social relevance
 - B) Financial support
 - C) Researcher's interest
 - D) Availability of relevant literature
- 7) Hypothesis refers to-
 - A) The outcome of an experiment
 - B) A conclusion drawn from an experiment
 - C) A form of bias in which the subject tries to outguess the experimenter
 - D) A tentative statement about the relationship
- 8) Statistics is used by researchers to-
 - A) Analyze the empirical data collected in a study
 - B) Make their findings sound better
 - C) Operationally define their variables
 - D) Ensure the study comes out the way it was intended
- 9) A literature review is based on the assumption that-
 - A) Copy from the work of others
 - B) Knowledge accumulates and learns from the work of others
 - C) Knowledge dis-accumulates
 - D) None of the above option

- 10) Conducting surveys is the most common method of generating
- A) Primary data
 - B) Secondary data
 - C) Qualitative data
 - D) None of the above
- 11) After identifying the important variables and establishing the logical reasoning in theoretical framework, the next step in the research process is-
- A) To conduct surveys
 - B) To generate the hypothesis
 - C) To focus group discussions
 - D) To use experiments in an investigation
- 12) Personal interviews conducted in shopping malls are known as-
- A) Mall interviews
 - B) Mall intercept interviews
 - C) Brief interviews
 - D) None of the given options
- 13) A list of questions which is handed over to the respondent, who reads the questions and records the answers himself is known as the-
- A) Interview schedule
 - B) Questionnaire
 - C) Interview guide
 - D) All of the given options
- 14) The theoretical framework discusses the interrelationships among the-
- A) Variables
 - B) Hypothesis
 - C) Concept
 - D) Theory
- 15) Which of the following is the opposite of a variable?
- A) An extraneous variable
 - B) A dependent variable
 - C) A data set
 - D) A constant
- 16) Which of the following is not a concept?
- A) Leadership
 - B) Total Quality Management
 - C) Intelligence Quotient (IQ)
 - D) Human Resource Management

- 17) Hypothesis test may also be called as-
- A) Informal test
 - B) Significance test
 - C) Moderating test
 - D) T-test
- 18) How many times the students appear in the research class is the example of _____.
- A) Intensity
 - B) Space
 - C) Frequency
 - D) Direction
- 19) The interview in which questions are already prepared is called _____.
- A) Telephonic interview
 - B) Personal interview
 - C) Unstructured interview
 - D) Structured interview
- 20) The first page of the research report is-
- A) Appendix
 - B) Bibliography
 - C) Index
 - D) Title page
- 21) The content of the research report can be classified into 3 parts which are-
- A) Prefatory items
 - B) Text
 - C) Terminal/References
 - D) All of them
- 22) In research methodology, interpretation is the search of-
- A) Statistical data
 - B) Research problem
 - C) Research findings
 - D) Research plan
- 23) Which of the following statements are true about interpretation of data?
- A) Interpretation can't proceed without analysis
 - B) Analysis and interpretation are interdependent
 - C) The data to be interpreted should be homogeneous in nature
 - D) All of them
- 24) A detailed disclosure on the subject under study is called-
- A) Research report
 - B) Monograph
 - C) Dissertation or thesis
 - D) Book
- 25) Which of the following is not a form of research report?
- A) Thesis
 - B) Enquiry report of a commission
 - C) Precise
 - D) Dissertation

- 42) Parliament under which Article can form a new state?
A) Article 2
B) Article 3
C) Article 2(a)
D) Article 3(a)
- 43) Article 14 guarantees similarity of treatment and not identical treatment laid down in which of the following cases?
A) State of Orissa v. Prasanna kumar Sahoo
B) State of Rajasthan v. Jagdish Nassari
C) T. Devdasan v. Union of India
D) Ashutosh Gupta v. State of Rajasthan
- 44) Who was the first president of Women Commission constituted on 31st January, 1992?
A) Girija Vyas
B) Mrs. Jayanti Patnaik
C) Mrs. Gurprit
D) Kiran Bedi
- 45) Sarkaria Commission was is relating to:
A) Cultural problem in India
B) Religious Problem in India
C) Language problem in India
D) Minority problem in India
- 46) In which state was first open-air camp or jail set up in India?
A) Assam
B) Gujrat
C) Madhya pradesh
D) Uttar pradesh
- 47) Which country first started probation to offenders?
A) Great Britain
B) France
C) Australia
D) United States of America
- 48) Borstal School is meant for:
A) Delinquents below 10 years
B) Adolescent offenders
C) Female offenders
D) Adult offenders
- 49) Which country among the following does not award death penalty to offenders?
A) United Kingdom
B) Egypt
C) South Africa
D) China
- 50) Mention the primary object of criminal procedure.
A) Speed trial
B) Fair trial
C) Summary trial
D) Session trial



Rough Work