Seat No.	

M.Phil / Ph.D. Entrance (Special Drive) Examination, May - 2019
PSYCHOLOGY

Day and Date : Tuesday, 21 - 05 - 2019   **Total Marks : 100**
Time : 04.00 p.m. to 06.00 p.m.

Instructions :
1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Each question carries 2 mark.
3) Answers should be marked in the given OMR answer sheet by darkening the appropriate option.
4) Use black ball point only for marking the circle. Do not make any stray mark on the Answer Sheet.
5) Follow the instructions given on OMR sheet.
6) Rough work should be done on the sheet provided at the end of question paper.
7) Only non-programmable calculators are allowed.

1) Defining research _____ is a first step of research process.

   a) hypothesis   b) problem

   c) design   d) tool

2) _____ is a method of collecting secondary data for research.

   a) Publications   b) Observation

   c) Interview   d) Qestionnaire

3) _____ sampling is also known as random sampling.

   a) Nonprobability   b) Multistage

   c) Probability   d) Quota

P.T.O.

4) _____ is one of the most serious crimes in academia.

a) Modification   b) Plagiarism

c) Misconduct   d) Unfair behaviour

5) When authors reuse their own previouslly written work or data in a new written product is called _____

a) Plagiarism   b) Modification

c) Self - Plagiarism   d) Fake Publication

6) Objective of research is to test _____ .

a) reliability   b) validity

c) normality   d) hypothesis

7) _____ research is mainly concerned with generalizations.

a) Fundamental   b) Laboratory

c) Survey   d) Field

8) Quota sampling is an example of _____ sampling.

a) Probability   b) Random

c) Nonprobability   d) Purposive

9) Gathering knowledge for knowledge's sake is termed _____ research.

a) Basic   b) Laboratory

c) Applied   d) Survey

10) _____ citation style is developed by APA.

    a)   MLA   b)   Chicago

    c)   APA   d)   Newyork

11) The _____ interview is concerned with broad underlying feelings or motivations or with the course of individuals life experiences.

    a)   career   b)   clinical

    c)   admission   d)   probationary

12) Experimental design provides _____ for experimentation.

    a)   Colour print   b)   Blue print

    c)   Final print   d)   Hard print

13) Hypothesis is a tentative explanation of the _____ between two or more variables.

    a)   conclusion   b)   relationship

    c)   result   d)   answer

14) _____ the influence of extraneous variable is important characteristic of a good research design.

    a)   Maximise   b)   Minimise

    c)   Develop   d)   Control

15) The aim of the investigator in wording a questionnaire is to _____ effectively with the respondents in his own language.

   a) communicate   b) cultured

   c) socialize   d) banned

16) Research methodology is a way to systematically solve the research _____.

   a) sampling   b) problem

   c) data   d) state

17) _____ is a summary of study which includes the problem, method, research design, results and conclusions.

   a) Problem   b) Hypothesis

   c) Conclusion   d) Abstract

18) The _____ data are those which are collected afresh and for the first time.

   a) secondary   b) Sampling

   c) primary   d) tertiary

19) _____ are an example of field research.

   a) Experiments   b) Lab researches

   c) Ex-post facto lab studies   d) surveys

20) A face to face administered questionnaire is _____ time consuming.

    a)   more   b)   no

    c)   less   d)   more than

21) Area or cluster sampling is another important method of _____ sampling.

    a)   nonprobability   b)   population

    c)   probability   d)   personal

22) In psychological researches the between groups design has been used more frequently than the _____ groups design.

    a)   within   b)   social

    c)   between   d)   cultural

23) The most common method of randomly assigning the subjects into the different groups is to use the _____ .

    a)   school roll numbers   b)   F table

    c)   table of random numbers   d)   charts

24) The researcher should honour the right of the subject to remain _____.

    a)   autonymous   b)   anonymous

    c)   famous   d)   close

25) _____ is not generally included in research reports.

a) Bibliography   b) problem

c) References   d) hypothesis

26) working as a group can enhance the effectiveness of _____ .

a) decision making   b) problem solving

c) memory   d) forgetting

27) _____ applied associationist principles systematically in experiment.

a) Dentsch   b) Baddalay

c) Abbinghans   d) Murray

28) Personality psychologists often use S - data and O - data to predict _____ data.

a) L   b) O

c) S   d) T

29) Hebb developed the theory of _____ level of arousal.

a) moderate   b) minimum

c) optimal   d) lower

30) The _____ operates with primary process thinking.

a) Ego

b) Id

c) Superego

d) Unconscious mind

31) In _____ study the independent variable has already occured.

a) laboratory experiments

b) ex-post facto study

c) field experiments

d) case study

32) The type _____ error is to reject Ho, when in fact it is true.

a) II

b) III

c) I

d) II & III

33) In the _____ subjects design each subject is observed under all the treatment conditions involved in experiment.

a) between

b) mixed design

c) within

d) control group design

34) _____ is called null hypothesis.

a) OO

b) H_1

c) HH

d) Ho

35) _____ sampling is also known as random sampling or chance sampling.

   a) Subjectivity   b) Non-probability

   c) Objectivity   d) Probability

36) _____ designs are used in experiments where the effects of varying more than one factor are to be determined.

   a) Correlational   b) Factorial

   c) Experimental   d) Time series

37) A woman feels more _____ to have a baby born at home.

   a) prestigious   b) confidential

   c) healthy   d) confident

38) _____ is a state of well being.

   a) Wealth   b) Stress

   c) Health   d) Anxiety

39) There are _____ stages of responding to stress.

   a) two   b) three

   c) four   d) five

40) _____ keeps away from diseases and increases physical fitness.

   a) Stress   b) Depression

   c) Exercise   d) Anxiety

41) _____ has developed four - branch ability model of emotional intelligence.

a) Bandura

b) Solovey and mayer

c) Lewis

d) Bar - on

42) The _____ well - being is often used as a synonym for happiness in the psychology literature.

a) cognitive

b) objective

c) cultural

d) subjective

43) Snyder and colleagues have developed _____ scale.

a) optimism

b) learned optimism

c) state hope

d) stress

44) Ordinary magic concept has developed by _____ .

a) Master

b) Bar - on

c) Seligman

d) Ryft

45) _____ relations refers to the quality rather than the quantity of our relationships.

a) Neutral

b) Positive

c) Negative

d) I ll

46) _____ test is the most important parametric statistics.

a) Mann-Whitney

b) Chi - square

c) F

d) Wilcoxon - signed rank

47) _____ percent cases lie in plus minus one sigma in normal distribution curve.

a) 34.12

b) 68.24

c) 44.12

d) 24.68

48) The skewness for normal distribution is _____ .

a) plus one

b) minus one

c) zero

d) plus one to minus one

49) Atkinson and shiffrin proposed _____ model.

a) perception

b) attention

c) creativity

d) memory

50) The third trait of in cloninger's model is _____ .

a) Harmony

b) Interdependence

c) Dependence

d) Security

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Rough Work

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